The Columbian.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH, and COLUMBIAN, Consolidated.)

Issued Weekly, every Friday Morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., Pa.

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BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1886.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XX, NO 46
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. I, NO 46

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	1 W	2 W	1 M	2 M	3 M	6 M	1 Y
1 inch	$ 75	1 25	1 50	2 50	3 50	4 50	7 00
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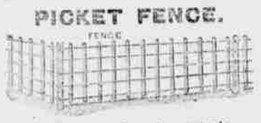

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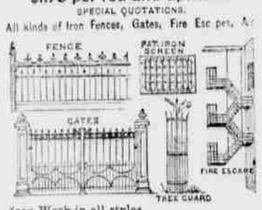

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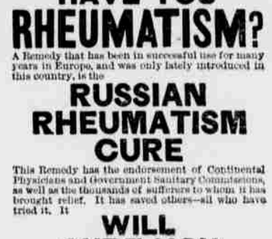

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SELECT READING.

FAMILY RELIGION.

PASTORAL LETTER OF BISHOPS OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

The following is a portion of the Pastoral Letter issued by the House of Bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church at the close of the Triennial General Convention at Chicago.

THE CHRISTIAN FAMILY.

DECAY OF HOUSEHOLD RELIGION—THE LAW OF MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE.

In our warfare with the adversaries of the gospel and with the growing evils of our time, we have imperfectly used many instrumentalities within our reach, but among them all none has been so much neglected as the family. We have worked for and through the church. Our care has been for the individual or for society as an aggregate of individuals or for the state as representing the order of society. Meanwhile the family has been so loosely guarded that our hold upon it had been enfeebled and its Christian tone has degenerated.

As the original mould in which all human life is cast, and within which authority blending with love first touches the will and lays the foundation of character, the family, not the individual, is the true unit of society and of the church. As such both reason and revelation require us to treat it. Unfortunately for it and for the church and the nation, we have done so. Overmastered or beguiled by the spirit of the age we have drifted out passively on the current of individualism, until we are now called to face the consequence of a wrong theory and a worse practice touching the very source of the strongest formative elements of the church and of the state.

FALSE VIEWS OF MARRIAGE.

That household religion and morality have changed, and are still changing for the worse, is recognized by all Christian people as one of the dark omens of the time. The causes are not far to seek. Two theories starting from opposite premises, but both alike the product of the anti-Christian and secular tendency of the day, have been eating like moth and rust into the domestic conscience, and thus sapping the very foundations of home life. The one theory declares the individual to be the supreme unit of society, and so demands for every individual complete and equal freedom. It affirms all discriminating legislation based upon differences of sex to be degrading and tyrannical. It teaches that, as the only ground of marriage is the consent of the contracting parties, so the continuance of marriage is rightfully dependent on the continuance of mutual agreement. It declares that any other view of marriage converts it into the worst bondage known to our law. Admitting no power or privileges or disability in one sex not common to the other, and claiming for woman an absolute control over her patrimony and acquisitions, as well as over her person, it does not hesitate to affirm as one of its ultimate dogmas that there is "no more reason why the woman should take her husband's name in marriage than why he should take hers." Thus the Christian law of the household is not only disparaged, but denounced as a degradation of woman and a social tyranny.

FACILITY OF DIVORCE.

The other theory—an outgrowth of a school of political economy rather than of any settled philosophy of social life—starts from the radically opposite principle of the subordination of the individual to the state and insists upon a modern equivalent to the old pagan doctrine formulated by the speculations of Plato, which place marriage absolutely under the sanction and supervision of the state. Both theories substitute the idea of contract for that of moral law as embodied in a solemn covenant, the former turning upon the freedom of the contracting parties to define and limit obligation: the latter upon the inherent subject matter of the agreement as defining the duty and prescribing the duration of the covenant. Both theories encourage an unlimited facility of divorce. Both theories loosed the ligaments and corrupt the inmost fibres of home life by robbing it of its religious sanction.

Separation in any form should be regarded, and is regarded by the church, as a last and dreadful expedient, only to be justified by the gravest considerations, and, as it were, conceded to the unfortunate beings whose position constrains the grant of such relief. But no separation carries with it the right to seek another alliance; nor, except in one case, can a subsequent marriage be permitted. After parties have been lawfully joined together, according to the will of God, divorce with permission to marry again is not conceded by the church, unless the ground of divorce be adultery, and in that case the guilty party is absolutely excluded from marrying again during the lifetime of the other, and to the innocent party only is permission conceded to contract another marriage.

THE THIRST FOR RICHES.

Another cause for domestic degeneracy is to be found in that gross materialism of the time which rises to fever heat in the greed for riches and for the things that riches command. This "accursed hunger," this consuming fire has in countless homes burnt up the habit and burnt out the heart of prayer, and with these even the inherited traditions of Christian living. Fathers have become too busy in the service of Mammon to serve God as priests in their own households and mothers are learning to think more of a "social career" than of the divine beauty and tenderness and power of Christian motherhood. Parental authority stripped of its nobler attributes, with no Christ in it to guide, no worship to consecrate it, gradually abandons the cares and duties of home discipline, and the children grow up obedient to no law but that of passion and caprice, devoted to no ends in life beyond the range of their own selfishness. With this drift of the family, this loosening of its sacred bonds, this drying up of the sources of its parent inspirations, this matter-of-course surrender of the life to the spirit of the world, the flesh and the devil, we cannot wonder that, in spite of all our stupendous accumulations of wealth, the impoverished missionary treasury of the church threatens a reduction of the already meagre stipends of the pioneers of the cross; we cannot wonder that we search in vain among our Christian households for candidates for holy orders who shall recruit the wasting ranks of our clergy; not that our young men nurtured by such a parentage, instead of being attracted by the sacrifices inseparable from a true priesthood in the church of God, are like so many Demases, turned away from it by the love of the present world; nor further than the commandments of the law of righteousness are forgotten, or that the Lord's day is profaned, or that intemperance and licentiousness reap their harvest of death at the very heart of a civilization, so many of whose homes, whose schools, whose riches and even so much of whose poverty knows not God.

THE FAMILY THE SOCIAL UNIT.

Verily there is a cry on the earth, in the air, and from the heavens, to work while it is called to-day, before the night cometh wherein no man can work. Fellow laborers with Christ, it is well that we see clearly on what lines we are to work in His name, and how we are to wield the power of His truth and the grace of His kingdom. Society at large, the state, the church, are indeed to be the objects of our solicitude. In and through the church we are to leaven all life with the incarnate word. But just now because of past neglect of its claims and of its safe-guards, as well as because of its inmost hold upon all that lies beyond it, whether society or the church, our first and most urgent call is to care for the family, and to build it up anew on the foundations originally built of God and consecrated by the Saviour of men. To this end these are the things we are to do. In opposition to the false theories concerning the relation of the sexes and the nature of the marriage bond, the people of God must be taught, as they have not been, that the family, not the individual, is the unit of society, and that the family creates the state, rather than the state the family. Without citizens there can be no state, and without family there can be no citizens. The law of the household must determine, not be determined by, legislation of the state which affects the well-being of the family. The essentials of domestic life have been ordained and established by the will of God, and underlie the constitution of society. These it is the function of civil government to protect and regulate, but not to change.

CHRISTIAN EDUCATION.

Again, parents are responsible to God first, and to the state afterward, for their children There must be authority in the household commensurate with this responsibility, and neither church nor state may rightly or safely interfere with that authority or with the responsibility bound up with it. How far the state has done so, and with what results, it does not fall within our province to inquire. But of the church's action in this regard it is our duty to speak. It has been her purpose in all the agencies she has sanctioned for the religious training of her children to provide helps, not substitutes, for fathers and mothers in the foremost task which God has laid upon them. That these helps have ceased to be what they were intended to be and have become something else, thereby devolving upon others outside the home the work which God means shall be done inside the home, very largely explains the widespread decay of domestic religion and morality now so pregnant with disaster to the church and to the nation. To stop this decay, to plant again in the old souls of home the germs of a healthier growth, to restore the family to the divine orbit of its power, to readjust on the old basis its relations to the church and to the state, is by every consideration the most pressing problem of the day.

THE CHURCH AND THE SCHOOLS.

As one way of dealing with this problem, the time has come when the church of God must change her attitude, must take higher, stronger, more definite ground in regard to the education of the young life in the broader sphere of the nation. She has a message to deliver, a duty to discharge in this matter. Too long already have both been held in abeyance. At the close of this first century of her own and of the country's history, so full of solemn warnings, as well as of great achievements, let her voice go forth, declaring that, whatever others may do, she cannot, without protest and resistance, allow the salt of Christ's Gospel to be cast out, little by little, from the education of the children of this land; that she cannot without utter disloyalty to her divine commission acquiesce in what has grown to be the policy of the day on this subject, which, because of its inability to agree upon the fundamentals of religion to be taught in the public schools, has lapsed into the perils of heresy of modern secularism, that these schools can best do their proper work when giving no religious teaching whatever. We are the friends of these schools, sustained by such liberal expenditure; and because we are so we desire all the more to see them placed on the only basis which will be at once enduring and beneficent. It is not to be denied that we are confronted with tendencies in the training of the children of the church and of the nation which indicate changes in the feeling and opinion of this generation as dangerous as they are profound; changes which strike at the church's hold upon the loyalty and love of the children now being nurtured in her bosom, and threaten to inflict an incurable wound upon the moral interests of the nation.

DRIFTING INTO APOSTACY.

We are drifting into an apostacy from the eternal law of righteousness, the supreme factor in the making of public and private character, which can end only in the eclipse of the noblest hopes and franchises of a humanity redeemed by the precious blood of the Son of God.

There are those who regard the present widening divorce between education and religion as so general and pronounced as to render it a hopeless task to resist it. They seem to think that the thing which is, is that which shall be. We do not accept this conclusion. Already the secular spirit has gone far enough to disturb the equilibrium of the nation's life, to say nothing of the church's life. The day of reaction is inevitable. The old forces in the training of mankind and the old proportion in which the forces must sooner or later combine, will reassert themselves. Man cannot live by bread alone. Any citizenship, however cunningly built upon its material and intellectual side, must topple over and go to pieces if it refuse to recognize the image of God in the soul and to obey the law of education which God has rooted in that image and clothed with a supreme sovereignty over the life of the flesh and the life of the intellect.

Stories Told of Gough.

SOME AMUSING EXPERIENCES OF THE POPULAR ORATOR RELATED BY HIMSELF.

The late John B. Gough told a story as well in private as in public, says a writer in the Philadelphia *Times*. The following are remembered among some of the experiences he used to relate: "On one occasion," he said, "I had made an appointment in a small town in Massachusetts and rode seven miles to fill it. On arriving at the church as the people were assembling I found no one to receive me. I asked a middle-aged rustic if he could tell me where I could find the president of the temperance society.

"'I reckon I'm him,' he replied, laconically.

"'Ah! well, my name is Gough,' I said.

"'Wall, I calkilate it's about time to skin in.'

"In we went, and I sat in a pew until he came to me and said: 'I guess its time to begin.'

"'Is there any one to offer prayer?' I asked.

"'No; the parson's away.'

"'Is there no deacon?'

"'I 'spect I'm a deacon.'

"'Well, can't you pray?'

"'No; I reckon I speak in the meetin'.'

"As I passed into the pulpit he stood beneath it and called out to the audience: 'Mr. Gough is in de desk an' he's a-gwine to lectur'.'

"I proceeded to 'lecture as well as I could, and when I had finished and taken my seat at the back of the platform my agricultural friend called out from below: 'We will now purceed to take up a collection for the benefit of the lactoorer.' He then 'purceeded to pass his hat around among the people, who had begun to rapidly leave the church as soon as they heard the ominous word collection. When he had completed his task he dumped upon the table in front of the pulpit the contents of his tile and, shaking the lining said to me; 'Thar! That 'ere is all for you. I ain't a-gwine to take nothin' out for the lights.'

"The amount did not exceed $1.50

"'I do not want it,' I said.

"'Wall, I swow! Yer don't want all that money?'

"'No.'

"'Wall, then, I reckon I'll take it,' and suiting the action to the word he swept the money into his hat, placed it on his head and walked off without another word, leaving me to enjoy a hearty laugh as the only recompense for my night's work.

"In one of the first towns of which I spoke outside of Worchester I labored for three evenings, and was told by the committee at the conclusion of my last address that they had no funds in treasury and did not like to take up a collection, but that if I would come again and give three more lectures I would be liberally paid. I consented and shortly afterward began my other course of three lectures. At the termination of the second one a gentleman arose and said that as Mr. Gough had not been paid on the occasion of his previous visit to that town, he suggested that a collection be taken up for the purpose of remunerating him.

"'I object to collections,' said another gentleman; 'but if we must have one let it be to-morrow night, when we will all come prepared.

"The third evening was very rainy and a collection amounting to $1.80 was taken up. A gentleman near the table remarked when the money was counted: 'The amount is very small. I do not mind making it up to $2 out of my own pocket, for the laborer is worthy of his hire,' and he very emphatically laid down two silver dimes. I refused to take $2 for six days' work, during which my personal expenses had been $5, and departed. The next day I received from three liquor-sellers a $5 bill enclosed in a letter, in which they said that they thought I had worked hard enough to be better paid.

"Once after lecturing at considerable personal expense in a town some distance from Worcester, where I expected a remuneration at least sufficient to reimburse me, I was merely tendered a vote of thanks. I arose and requested that the vote should be put in writing, as perhaps the conductor on the train would accept it for my fare. The committee took the hint and a liberal collection was then taken up for me.

Betting a Slave on a Pair of Duces.

A capital story is told of the slavery days of Ex Governor Pinchback. When a mere lad he belonged to a rich old Southerner who was very fond of poker. His master was once traveling on a Mississippi river boat and had played cards in the cabin all night. Luck went against him to such an extent he lost every penny he had on his person. Then he offered to play his slave, the Ex-Governor, against $5,000. On this basis the cards were dealt. The young lad watched his master's hand eagerly. The old Southerner looked at his cards and raised the ante. He was met and promptly raised it again. At this moment a gentleman who had recently came up, attracted by the young negro's looks, called him aside. "Whose boy are you?" he asked. "De dear Lord above only knows, sah," answered Pinchback, anxiously. "I use'ter belong to Mars' C——, but he done gone an' bet me on a pair ob deuces." "Bet you on a pair of deuces?" Yes, sah, an' I dunno whose boy I is now. But de old massa he's bluffin' like de mischief an' I reckon I's gwine ter stay. The bluff won.

Geronimo will find in Florida hotel keepers whose reputation as professional scalpers will detract even from his prestige.

They are having a hard time marrying the Emperor of China. The happy event has now been postponed for two years.

ODD ITEMS.

American literary women are flocking to Rome.

The tug is the only thing that has its tows behind.

Thomas Moore began to write poems at the age of 14.

There are 1510 inmates in the Georgia State Insane Asylum.

The leading dentists in Russia and Germany are Americans.

Dickens had produced "Pickwick Papers" before he was 25.

A will with a codicil is an old and new testament, yet it isn't a bible.

President Cleveland will please staff his vacancy in Turkey before Thanksgiving.

It is suggested that caskets for preserving the dead would obviate burials at sea.

The rice planters of Georgia have gotten nearly their whole crop into market.

Washington policemen are required to wear white gloves and carry canes while on duty.

The convicts at Sing Sing made 5000 clear profit for the State of New York last month.

There are twenty negroes in South Carolina who are worth $30,000 each, and they are all Democrats.

You would not, perhaps, expect it, but it is a fact, that well water will sometimes make people sick.

A physician says "if a child does not thrive on fresh milk boil it." This is too severe. Why not spank it?

Three-fourths of the members of the Legislature recently elected in Arkansas are less than 39 years of age.

Fastidious passengers have their own tea on transatlantic steamers and have the stewards brew it for them.

Bremen papers state that the new Lloyd steamers to come out in 1887 will be even faster than any now afloat.

Ten thousand acres of undeveloped land in Mississippi will be put in cultivation by Northern capital next year.

Homer Greene is writing a sequel to his story, "What My Lover Said." It will be entitled, "Is the Dog Tied Up?"

True love, it is said, never did run smooth; but then, most young men of to-day like checkered suits, you know.

Sophronia—What is retribution? It is something that happens to a farmer when he gets caught in his own barbed wire fence.

Menu cards representing autumn leaves, with names written upon them in gold letters, are fashionable fancies of the season.

Poems by Chaucer were known and read before the writer had reached his 12th year, and Leigh Hunt made a stir at the age of 13.

Felt slippers are to be worn considerably this Winter. Johnson's boy hopes his mothers will not be felt any more than formerly.

More Railroad Talk.

THE LEHIGH VALLEY'S NEW ROAD TO THE WEST—WHAT IS THERE IN IT?

Rumors to the effect that the Lehigh Valley Railroad company intended to build a line from Ashland to Pittsburg have been revived again, and this time seem to have some degree of verification from railroad authorities. The new route is chartered under the name of the Seabroad and Atlantic railroad, and one of its advantages over all other routes is that it can be built without a tunnel. The programme was that if the South Pennsylvania railroad were not to build those interested in that scheme would join the Lehigh Valley in building the route from Ashland, but it is now stated that the Lehigh Valley people have found others who will join them, and that the road will certainly be built, even without help from the South Pennsylvania capitalists. A prominent railroad official states that the harmonious relations which have existed between the Pennsylvania and Lehigh Valley railroad companies have become strained, and that the Lehigh Valley does not like the idea of the former coming into its anthracite coal territory, and will build the line to Pittsburg to put the Pennsylvania upon its good behavior in the anthracite regions. Robert H. Say

The Columbian.

G. E. Elwell, J. E. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1886.

The *Times* says the Democrats in the next House will number 174, the Republicans 148, and 3 Labor members. This gives the Democrats a majority over all of 23, instead of 13 as stated by that paper.

The Philadelphia *Press* says that the election returns have not reached the Fishingcreek country yet, since the COLUMBIAN thinks that it wasn't much of a defeat after all. The *Press* is mistaken. All the news gets here in due time, but we do not look to the *Press* for political information. We take it from reliable sources.

According to the vote by states on the 2nd, the electoral college would have stood Democratic 207, Republican 142, doubtful 52. Necessary to elect, 201. Giving the Republicans all the doubtful states, they would still not have enough to elect a President. We repeat, "it wasn't much of a defeat after all."

The total vote cast for Governor at the late election is 819,375. Beaver's vote is 61,319 less than Blaine's in 1884, and Black's is 23,151 less than Cleveland's. Beaver's plurality is 42,857, the lowest of the Republican candidates, and Osborne's is the highest, being 47,617. Col. Ricketts received the highest vote on the Democratic side.

The Buffalo *Courier* pays a deserved compliment to Mr. Buckalew. It says: "He has had long experience in legislative bodies and is familiar with parliamentary practices. In his single term in the United States Senate Mr. Buckalew became recognized as one of the best and ablest men in the party and took rank with Trumbull, Thurman and other great lawyers of that body. He is a very strong debater. It is doubtful if the Republicans have a man who can cope with him in the discussion of great questions. Of course, he is not so ready a man as Reed and Butterworth, but he is a speaker of great force, and his voice will be potent when tariff and financial questions come up."

Buckalew for Attorney-General.

A dispatch from Scranton dated the 16th says:

It was publicly announced here today that Charles R. Buckalew, member of Congress-elect from the Eleventh district, had been tendered the office of Attorney-General by President Cleveland.

A reporter interviewed several of Mr. Buckalew's personal friends, one of them a member of the Congressional conference that nominated him, and all confirmed the rumor.

The member of the conference referred to stated Mr. Buckalew himself had expected that the office would be tendered him before the recent election.

Another dispatch from Washington of the same date says that the above report was shown to Col. Lamont, the President's private secretary, and contradicted by him.

The Three-Mill Tax.

CORPORATIONS NOT REQUIRED TO PAY IT ON THEIR MORTGAGES.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 15.—The State Supreme Court to-day decided, in a per curiam opinion, that the three-mill tax cannot be collected from corporations, but can be from individuals, thus sustaining the judgments of Common Pleas Courts Nos. 2 and 4, of Philadelphia, which were appealed from by John Hunter, Receiver of Taxes, and John G. Adair and J. B. Barry, collectors of taxes in Philadelphia. They having returned the taxable property of the Philadelphia Saving Fund Society and the Pennsylvania Insurance company and demanded taxes upon the same, the corporations filed a bill in equity to enjoin the collection of the three-mill tax upon the mortgages held by them. On June 19 last a preliminary injunction was granted in the courts named and has now been made permanent by the Supreme Court.

The questions presented were whether the revenue act of 1885 meant to tax the mortgages owned by individuals only, and not those held by corporations, and if such was the legislative intent, are not corporations still liable to a like tax under the acts of April, 1846? These issues had never been presented before, although the constitutionality of the act of 1885 was decided in the Fox case.

To-day's decision has an important local significance, as under it Allegheny county will be short of revenues which it was expected would be collected from large corporations. It will cause the State to lose $225,000 in this county alone. In this county there is some $75,000,000 invested by the various corporations and the Strte is indebted to the county $300,000, which was paid by the county in excess of the State tax actually due and for which the county will be given credit in future payment of taxes. Had the Philadelphia cases been reversed it was the intention of the County Commissioners to appropriate the tax of $225,000 which would be collected for the State in this county as a set-off for the money due the county by the State and apply it to the construction of the new Court House. Could this have been done there would be no further necessity for borrowing any more money this year, which will now have to be done.

Stewart's Millions.

The first legal fight for a share in the Alexander T. Stewart estate of New York is not by one of the heirs of the late Mrs. Stewart, but by two cousins of Stewart himself, one of whom figured fitfully several years ago as a possible contestant of the great merchant's will. Then he went out of public sight and his case was regarded as a sham. Now he comes forward, through lawyers, with a hitherto unpublished story of a compromise, the terms of which, he avers, have not been carried out. Mystery still surrounds the facts, but enough of them are accessible to make an interesting narrative.

Several years ago the administrators of the Stewart estate were informed of the existence of a cousin of the testator named Alexander Stewart, of Proctorville, Vermont. It was learned that Alexander had his eyes on the property of his cousin and it was believed that he meditated a descent. He had not been mentioned in the will.

About this time an entertaining stranger came to Proctorville and registered at the village tavern. He paid for his board in advance and seemed to be a man of ample leisure. He was not long in making himself very popular with the townspeople; he could tell a funny story better than any one for miles around; he was always in good humor; always ready to do a favor, be it to help get in the hay before a coming shower should ruin the crop or give advice about intricate questions of law. And he joined in the rustic games played in the evening on the village square, jumped, "pulled up" with the local champion and pitched quoits. Although he was a highly respected member of the community, and among his favorite acquaintances was Alexander Stewart, a poor farm laborer and old. The entertaining stranger talked with Stewart about his connection with the millionaire and even helped to raise his hopes somewhat as to a possible share in the estate.

The summer wore away and the autumn followed, just as it does every year in Vermont, and when the winter came along the stranger had persuaded Stewart to go to New York for the purpose of getting something out of the Stewart administrators. Just what arguments he used is not definitely known, but it has developed that he was a detective of high standing in his profession, and it follows, as a matter of course, that if he was a detective he was in somebody's employ.

When Farmer Alexander arrived in New York he entered upon such a life as he had never dreamed of in his wildest fancies. His presence and object were detected by the newspapers, aided possibly by the shrewd detective and he was announced as a claimant for a portion of the Stewart estate. The publicity given his movements helped in turning the old man's head. He was taken to a good hotel and his appetite indulged with the best the city could provide. A fashionable tailor took his measure and soon presented him a fine new suit of clothes. One of the numerous friends presented him a costly gold watch. The wonders of the theatre were exposed to his admiring gaze until his head fairly swam with excitement. Months passed, and as he seemed not to accomplish anything, he dropped entirely out of newspaper notice. But the pursuit of diversion still went on. He was a hard case to handle, old Alexander. If he had been inclined to forget the purpose of his errand to the metropolis it would have been essential to the detective's object to remind him of it; but the old man never forgot it, and even in the whirl of gay living he held fast to the idea of achieving a settlement of some kind in his interest. Many a time the detective found that the bare mention of the great property was enough to arouse the farmer from apparent stupor to obstinate if not keen activity. Not the scatter-brain delights of the unfamilar wine cup could drive from his stubborn consciousness the fact that he had come to New York on a certain business, and when attempts were made to come to a settlement while he was incapable of clear thought he invariably pulled himself together and refused absolutely to sign any agreement until the morning.

It was nearly six months before time accomplished what the shrewd detective failed to. The old claimant grew tired of the high living to which he was altogether unaccustomed, and was impatient to get home. Some kind of an understanding was effected, and Alexander made his way back to Proctorville. It was not long before the village accepted as a fact that old "Alec" had compromised his claim for twenty-five thousand dollars. It was generally "allowed" that this was pretty smart in the old man. It was no small thing to go to New York and wrest so much of a fortune from the hands of men accustomed to handle vast sums of money. As Alexander himself was the authority for the statement of the terms of the compromise, it is probable that he himself thought he had become entitled to the money. But when his new clothes wore out and he failed to find himself with means of renewing them, and was moreover deserted by his lawyers, he began to be suspicions of his bargain. He complained bitterly that he had been unjustly dealt with but could not get any assistance in readjusting his claims. His rumored success had induced a brother of his to leave his home in Canada and come to Proctorville, but between them they made no better progress than when Alexander was alone.

Now a new face is put on the case by one Whelden, a tinsmith, of Proctorville. He is apparently a typical Yankee. He saw in Alexander's case a chance for money and he determined to help the farmer. His first step was to get himself appointed as guardian to Mr. Stewart, the plea being that the old man had entered his dotage and was incapable of handling his business affairs properly. This accomplished he sought legal advice. He did not turn to the lawyers formerly employed by Alexander, but went to one who had not been interested in the affair. He retained Ex-Judge Curtis and at once instituted action to recover a large balance of the $25,000 alleged compromise money. The basis of the action is the alleged failure to carry out the bargain entered into with old Alexander at the end of his winter of diversion in this city. The question to be settled is whether there really was such a bargain made by anybody authorized to act for the administrator of the estate.

The raid on the millions by the Vermonters is bound to be interesting.

Gold in the State.

The residents of the Chester Valley are just now unusually excited over what appear to be well-founded rumors of gold discoveries in the immediate vicinity. About two weeks ago a number of workmen, while engaged in sinking a well upon the premises of Joseph T. Sarchett, near Exton, in West Whiteland township, struck a strata of loose quartz about 50 feet below the surface of the ground. Their attention being attracted by small particles of a yellow color and shining appearance, which were embedded in the quartz, it was closely examined, and thought worthy of being submitted to a test of chemical analysis. Two experts to whom specimens were forwarded reported recently and agree in pronouncing the shining substance to be gold, one assay yielding the precious metal at a value of seventeen dollars to the ton, while the other rose still higher to twenty six dollars. A gentleman who has recently purchased the adjoining property, which belonged to the estate of William B. Davis, has also investigated the matter and claims that the quartz taken from the well has a strong family resemblance to the gold-bearing quartz of California with which he has had considerable previous acquaintance. Captain Jonathan M. Lewis, of the same vicinity, has also frequently observed similar features in quartz rocks upon his premises, as well as in some portions of the soil of his farm. It is stated that when the Pennsylvania State Geological Survey was engaged in the inspection of the mineral resources of the State several years ago, while in this section its members informed the land owners of the neighborhood that gold existed without doubt in the locality. This part of the famed Chester Valley is particularly rich in marble, limestone, iron ore and other valuable minerals which underlie the fertile farms that range for miles along the Pennsylvania Railroad, and if gold should be discovered in paying quantities the wealth of a substantial section will be greatly enhanced. It is impossible to tell at the present time how far the alleged gold-bearing quartz deposits may extend or in what direction, but from the formation of the land and the position occupied by other ore beds it is most probable that the whole of Chester Valley is underlaid with the vein discovered by the well-diggers. Since the finding of gold has been noised about the vicinity the subject has awakened great interest in the minds of the residents and they are eagerly awaiting further developments.

WASHINGTON LETTER

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 17, 1886.

The question of vital interest now to the Republican Senators is whether the Nebraska legislature will return Senator Van Wyck or some more reliable brother. During the last session whenever "crazy horse" Van Wyck, as he was sometimes called, arose to ask the consideration of a resolution which was inimical to any fat corporation, or went against any old abuse, there was a good deal of laughing and winking on the sofas in the rear of the chamber.

In like manner Senator Riddleberger always seemed to succeed in making himself ridiculous. When he insisted on a hearing in opposition to executive sessions of the Senate, he was invariably out of order; yet whenever he made the same point of order on another Senator, it so happened that the point which was good as against him was not good as against others.

Now it appears that the stone which the builders rejected has become the head of the corner. These two Senators who were objects of ridicule and irritation to the Republican brotherhood, hold the balance of power between the two parties in the Senate. They were never in harmony with their party and could never be relied upon when a vote was called. So, as they are not Republicans in good and regular standing, the Senate is not Republican, and there is fun ahead. The Senate stands thus: 37 Democrats, 37 Republicans, and the balance of Power party, composed of Senators Van Wyck and Riddleberger. It is quite certain these gentlemen will be very graciously treated this Winter by Republican Senators, although the Philadelphia *Press* said it might be better to have the Senate Democratic than to have it Republican by the aid of such men.

The suggestion that Mr. Carlisle is disqualified for the Speakership in the Fiftieth Congress because his opponent will contest his election, is considered practically absurd by such able and experienced parliamentarians as, for instance, Congressman Welborn, of Texas. The further question of propriety of his appointing the committee which is to consider his own case, is a reflection that every member in Congress would feel like resenting.

Without distinction of party the Congressmen who have served with Mr. Carlisle would be perfectly satisfied to trust the whole matter to him, assured that he would not raise a hand to save himself from defeat, if by so doing he would be taking an unfair advantage of his opponent.

A finer tribute is seldom paid to a man in public life than the recent expression of interest in Mr. Carlisle's fortunes, by the best people of every partisan faith. The example is all the more significant from the fact that in becoming the object of so much unfeigned regard, the Speaker has never abated one iota of his loyalty to the Democratic party.

The Police scandal has been the talk of the town during the week. It is alleged that the Chief of Police, in his Cabinet councils, which he holds at nine o'clock every day, at his office, instructed his Lieutenants to "spot" Congressmen who were inclined to dark ways in order that they might be able to influence these Congressmen to vote for large appropriations for the Metropolitan Police force. Lieutenant Arnold, who is charged with having betrayed the secret, has been summoned before a court martial, and much interest is manifested in the trial. It is the most important agitation in the police affairs of the District that has occurred since the investigation made into the iniquities of the detective corps three years ago, and there is little doubt that justice will ultimately be done, no matter who is hurt.

Society gave a little flutter during the week to prove that it is not lifeless. A lunch party given by Mrs. Whitney in honor of Mrs. Cleveland, was characterized by that elegance of appointment which has marked all the entertainments given at the hospitable home of the Secretary of the Navy. There were nineteen young ladies invited to meet the lady of the White House. Autumn's own flowers, Chrysanthemums, were used in decorating the table, and the corsage bouquets, which have been relegated to Lunch parties, were of violets and were placed at every cover. The White House is very quiet just now, as the President refuses to see all callers, and is absorbed in the preparation of his message to Congress.

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TRIAL LIST FOR DECEMBER TERM, 1886.

John Waters et ux vs M C Woodward.
Fred Hossler's use vs D H & W R R Co.
Cobyngham & Paine vs James McAlarney et ux
William H Yorgey vs Locust Mt Water Co.
Theo F Craig vs Mahala Craig et al.
C E Pennock & Co vs Charles Richart.
Charles W McKelvy et al vs C B Brockway.
Benjamin Fetterman vs J B Robison.
Jonas Doty et al vs John Sult.
G H Gordner vs William Gingles.
Patrick Burns vs L A Riley & Co.
G B Seybert vs S M Hess
Aaron Boone vs Espy Lime & Cement Co.
H F Everett vs B F Sutliff et al.
O B Millard vs John Snyder.
George O Wellliver vs O F Ferris et al.
C B Brockway vs Columbia County.
A K Smith vs Samuel Brugler.
J B Patton vs A P Heller.
Curtis Mfg Co vs Clark I Thomas.
David Jones vs John Whitenight.
Wm. Krickbaum vs John B Casey.
Overseers Locust twp vs Herman Yost.
L H Fowler vs C D Fowler.
Andrew Fowler vs C D Fowler.
C F Harder vs F L Shuman.
J H Hort vs Boro of Berwick.
Franklin Yocum, Guardian vs William Zahner et al.
Mathias Kindt vs Charles Sands et al.
Thomas and C C Trench vs J S Woods et ux.
Jonas Rantz vs Isabella Rantz.
William Krickbaum vs Columbia County.
John G Yocum vs Susan Brumbach.
Albert Klinetob vs Hiram Eckroth.
S B Whitney vs S B Bowman.
S B Whitney vs S B Bowman.
Theodore Ruhs vs Silas Shuman.

GRAND JURORS FOR DECEMBER TERM, 1886.

Bloom.—Wesley Knorr, William Taylor.
Berwick.—S. C. Jayne.
Catawissa.—Joseph Martz, J. H. Vastine.
Centre.—Elisha Hagenbuch.
Centralia.—Andrew Lenihan.
Fishingcreek,—Joseph Knelly.
Greenwood.—Clark D. Kline, L. P. Yeager, James T. Lawton
Hemlock —Simon Richart.
Jackson.—J. D Hummer, John L. Hess, C. W. Lewis.
Locust.—Henry Yeager.
Madison.—Isaac McBride.
Main.—D. B. Fetrolf, J. A. Shuman.
Mifflin.—J. C. Hetler, H. C. Hess, Thomas McMurtrie.
Scott.—M. M. Hicks, Urbanus McBride.

TRAVERSE JURORS FOR DECEMBER TERM, 1886.

Bloom.—E. B. Bidleman, Daniel Bryfogle, Wm. J. Bidleman, John Kelley, J. H. Mercer, Wm. Webb.
Beaver.—P. H. Fisher.
Benton.—Samuel Krickbaum, Samuel Roberts, George McHenry.
Berwick.—Charles Berlin, Sterling Dickson, Briarcreek.—Neuman Bower, Alem Marr.
Cattawissa.—Albert Hower, David Hollingshead.
Centre.—John Coleman, Levi Fester.
Centralia.—David C. Black, Charles Gettche, J. H. Johnson.
Fishingcreek.—N. W. Hess, Daniel Kitchen, Benjamin Young.
Franklin.—Isaac John.
Greenwood.—Alinas Cole, Eves Patterson, Benjamin Stackhouse.
Hemlock.—Foss Folk, Seth Shoemaker.
Jackson.—Abraham Knouse, S. W. McHenry, J. B. Richie.
Locus'.—Peter Yocum.
Madison.—E. W. McCollum.
Mt. Pleasant.—Stephen Crawford, Samuel Nolan.
Main.—Theodore Fox, J. W. Reichner, Wm. Mauser.
Orange.—Jarce Heartze, William Neyhard, M. A. Williams.
Pine.—Daniel Robbins.
Roaring Creek.—David H. Case.
Scott.—Benson Creveling, John Hopper, A. F. Terwilliger.

SECOND WEEK.

Bloom.—W. B. Brobst, Martin Erastmus, Calvin E. Girton, A. V. Hower.
Beaver.—Edmond Schell.
Berwick.—P. W. Hower, J. H. Hoyt, John A. Kepner, Albert Hoss, Levi Kurtz.
Briarcreek.—Daniel Albertson, Joseph Lemon.
Cattawissa.—Charles B. Ellis, William Hartman Henry Pfahler, William Perry, Geo. W. Reifsnyder, S. D. Rhinard, Albert Rohrbach.
Centre.—Wesley Hess.
Centralia.—Albert Hall, Robert Farrell.
Conyngham.—Patrick Conway,
Fishingcreek.—Amos Dresher.
Greenwood.—William Davis, Theodore Lemon.
Hemlock.—Henry Eastman.
Locust.—Saras Shaffer.
Madison.—J. E. Cotner.
Main.—Daniel Kline.
Montour.—Isaac Mourey.
Orange.—Francis Drake, D. K. Sloan.
Roaring Creek.—Charles Runge.
Scott.—Isaac Kester.
Sugarloaf.—C. L. Moore.

WIDOW'S APPRAISEMENTS.

The following Widow's Appraisements will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Columbia Co. On the first Monday of December, A. D., 1886, and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter, will be confirmed absolute:

Jones, James E., estate, Fishingcreek; personalty, $ 00.
Krum, Emanuel, estate, Scott; personalty, $200.
Doty, Jonas, estate, Fishingcreek; personalty, $200.
Grossman, George, estate, Catawissa; personalty $200.
Cleaver, Alem B., estate, Catawissa; personalty, $200.
Chamberlin, Jacob, estate, Pine; personalty, $200.
Preas, Samuel, estate, Greenwood; personalty $6.0.
Hess, Joseph A., estate, Centre; personalty, $300.
Krick, Reuben, estate, Locust; personalty, $13.75, realty, $86. $99.75.
Thomas, Wilson A., estate, Greenwood; realty, $575.00.
Hess, Catharine, estate, Benton; personalty, $300.

WM. H. SNYDER, Clerk of O. C.
Clerk's Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., Nov. 15, 1886.

AGENTS WANTED!

Remunerative employment offered energetic and reliable men. *Address,*

Security Mutual Benefit Society,

235 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

nov19 12t.

WIN more money than at anything else by taking an agency for the best selling book out. Beginners succeed grandly. Name fall terms free. HALLETT BOOK CO., PORTLAND Maine. [dec18 26.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE COLUMBIAN.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Ex., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia Co., Pa., and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Cross Keys Hotel, in Berwick, Pa., on

SATURDAY, November 27, 1886,

at 9 o'clock a. m., all that certain piece of land, situate in the Borough of Berwick, Columbia Co., Pa., being lots Nos. 87 and 88, in the plan of Berwick, situate on corner of Front and Chestnut streets, bounded on the north by Second street, on the east by lot of Mrs. Elizabeth Chamberlain's heirs on the south by Front street and on the west by Chestnut street, said piece of ground being two contiguous lots, one hundred and eighty-one and one-half feet on Chestnut street, and together ninety nine feet on Front street, on which are erected a large two-story Mansard roof frame dwelling house, large frame stable and outbuildings.

ALSO,

Lot No. 19, in Berwick, situate on corner of Vine and Third streets. Beginning at said corner, thence by Vine street forty-nine and one-half feet to lot No. 20, thence by lot No. 20, one hundred and forty feet to Grant street, thence by Grant street forty-nine and one-half feet to Third street, thence by Third street one hundred and forty feet to corner, the place of beginning.

ALSO,

Lot No. 98, situate in Berwick, between Chestnut and Walnut streets. Beginning at corner of lot No. 99, on Second street, thence by said lot one hundred and eighty-one and one-half feet to Third street; thence by Third street forty-nine and one-half feet to lot No. 105; thence by said lot one hundred and eighty-one and one-half feet to Second street; thence by Second street forty-nine and one-half feet to place of beginning, being a vacant lot.

ALSO,

One other piece of ground, being lot No. 105, and one-half of lot No. 106, situate in Berwick, on Second street, between Chestnut and Walnut Sts. Beginning at corner of lot No. 98, on Second street; thence by said lot one hundred and eighty-one and one-half feet to Third street; thence by Third street seventy-four and one-fourth feet, more or less; thence on a line parallel with lot No. 98, one hundred and eighty-one and one-half feet to Second street; thence by Second street seventy-four and one-fourth feet, more or less, to the place of beginning, the same being vacant ground.

ALSO,

Lot No. 20, situate in Berwick, on Vine street. Beginning at corner of lot No. 19, thence along Vine street forty-nine and one-half feet to lot No. 21; thence by lot No. 21, one hundred and forty feet to Grant street, thence by Grant street forty-nine and one-half feet to lot No. 19; thence by lot No. 19, one hundred and forty feet to corner, the place of beginning.

ALSO,

All that certain piece of land, situate in Briarcreek township, said county, bounded and described as follows: On the north by land of Joseph Thompson, on the east by Luzerne and Columbia county line, on the south by A. Lockard and —— Garrison, and west by the eastern boundary line of borough of Berwick, containing four acres of land, more or less.

ALSO,

All that piece of land, situate in said Borough of Berwick, bounded on the north by land of Joseph Thompson, on the east by Borough line, on the south by an alley, formerly Hudson Owen, and on the west by Walnut street, containing five acres, more or less.

Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of A. S. Phillips.

Also the following described real estate of Daniel Reedy, to-wit:—All those three lots of ground situate in the Borough of Berwick, Columbia County, Pennsylvania. Being lots No's. 121, 124 and 123, situate on Front street between Oak street and western borough line, beginning at the corner of Oak and Front streets thence one hundred and eighty one and one half feet to Second street, thence by Second street one hundred forty eight and one half feet to lot No. 132, thence by said lot No. 132 one hundred eighty one and one half feet to Front street, thence by Front street one hundred forty eight and one half feet to corner the place of beginning, on which are erected a large two story frame dwelling house facing Front street, also a large two story frame building used as a tenement house, built for the use of three separate dwellings, also a large frame stable, with shed attached, coal house and other outbuildings.

ALSO.

One other lot of ground situate in Berwick on Front street between Oak street and western borough line, beginning at corner of lot No. 147 on Front street, thence by said lot one hundred eighty one and one half feet to Second street, thence by Second street forty nine and one half feet to lot No. 139 thence by said lot No. 139, one hundred eighty one and one half feet to Front street thence by Front street forty nine and one half feet to corner the place of beginning, being lot No. one hundred and forty (140) in the plan of Berwick on which are erected a two story frame dwelling house with kitchen attached facing on Front street, also a two story frame dwelling house facing Second street, and outbuildings.

ALSO,

All that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Berwick, on Front street between Market and Mulberry streets, beginning on Front street at corner of R. Berger, thence by same to an alley south of Front street, eighty feet more or less, thence by said alley toward Mulberry street twenty five feet to Jane Frantz land, thence by same eighty feet, more or less, to Front street, thence by Front street twenty five feet to the place of beginning, on which are erected a two story brick building used for store and lodge room, with outbuildings.

ALSO,

Lot of ground situate in said borough of Berwick on Front street below Oak street, beginning on Front street at corner of lot No. (57) fifty seven, thence by Front street forty five and eight twelfths feet to borough line, thence by same two hundred sixty five feet to an alley, thence by said alley forty five and eight twelfths feet to line of lot No. 57, thence by same two hundred sixty six and ten twelfths feet to Front street the place of beginning, being lot No. (58) fifty eight, or as much as described.

ALSO,

All that piece of land situate in Briarcreek township Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stone in public road leading from Berwick to Bloomsburg thence north eighty four and three fourth degrees, east twenty and three tenths perches to stone in road, thence south twenty six and one eighth degrees, east sixty three and eight tenths perches to stone in line of D. L. & W. R. R. thence by same south fifty nine and one half degrees, west eighteen and seven tenths perches to stone, thence north twenty six and one eighth degrees, west seventy two and five tenths perches to the place of beginning containing eight acres more or less.

ALSO,

All that piece of land situate in said township of Briarcreek, begining at a public road leading from Berwick to Bloomsburg at corner of Agricultural Grounds, thence by same south sixteen and one fourth degrees, east twenty seven and seven tenths perches to a corner, thence north 74 degrees, east 16 perches to corner, thence north twenty four and one fourth degrees, west twenty six and seven tenths perches to corner, thence south eighty seven degrees, west eleven and four tenths perches to the place of beginning, containing two acres and fifty two perches, more or less.

Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Daniel Reedy,

SAMUEL SMITH, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Lev. Fa., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on

MONDAY, December 6, 1886,

at 2 p. m., all that certain lot and parcel of land situate in the township of Fishingcreek, Columbia county, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit; Beginning at a stone, at the public road leading from Stillwater to Benton, thence by said road by lands of Moses McHenry, south twenty-two and one-half degrees east twenty-one and three-tenths perches to a stone at said road, thence by land of Mathias Kline south six and a half degrees west thirty and one-half perches to a stone on the east bank of Fishingcreek, thence by said creek by land of Daniel and C. B. McHenry north twenty-three and one-half degrees west sixteen and three-tenths perches to a hemlock; thence by said creek by land of heirs of William Ikeler, deceased, north four and one-fourth degrees east six and one-tenth perches to a hemlock; thence by land of Joseph Meyers, north sixty-one and one-half degrees east twenty-eight perches to the place of beginning, containing four acres, more or less, it being part of the same lot of land which William Ikeler conveyed unto Charles Coleman, and by said Charles Colpman and wife to Maria C. Hess, whereon are erected a two-story frame dwelling house, stable and outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution, at the suit of Jno. W. Case vs. Maria A. Hess and Asa Y. Hess, and to be sold as the property of Maria A. Hess and Asa Y. Hess.

SAMUEL SMITH, Sheriff.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE Real Estate!

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Eli Pealer, deceased, will expose to public sale, at the homestead, late of the said deceased, in Fishingcreek township, on

FRIDAY, November 19, 1886,

at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described real estate, to-wit: A certain messuage and tract of land, situate in Fishingcreek township. Beginning at a corner, near the south side of Fishingcreek, thence north thirty-nine degrees, forty-seven minutes west, two hundred and two perches to a stone; thence by lands of W. W. Miller (late E. Unangst) & John Pealer, north eighty-eight degrees, eighteen minutes, west fourteen perches to a stone; thence by land of Hiram Pealer Est., south four degrees thirty minutes, west fifty-eight perches to a stone; thence by the same south thirty-nine degrees forty-seven minutes east one hundred and fifty-nine and six-tenth perches to a stake, thence by land of the heirs of Daniel Stuckey, north sixty-one degrees and thirty-three minutes east fifty-two perches to the place of beginning, containing

57 ACRES,

more or less, on which are erected a good

2-STORY DOUBLE PLANK HOUSE

18x28 ft., and a wing 16x18 ft., a frame barn, buggy shed and other outbuildings. A well of water at the house and one at the barn. Also, a lot of good fruit trees on the place.

ALSO,

A certain tract of land, situate in said township, bounded on the north by a public road, leading from Fishingcreek to Rohrsburg, on the east by land of John Pealer, on the south by land of E. M. Laubach and A. W. Patterson, and on the west by land of Hiram Pealer estate, and containing

19 ACRES,

more or less, about one-half of which is cleared, balance, good wood land.

ALSO,

An undivided half interest in a certain lot of ground, situate in the township aforesaid known as the "Old Hotel Property," bounded on the east by land of Eli Pealer Est. and west by land of Hiram Pealer Est. and north by public road leading from Orangeville to Stillwater, containing about

1-4 of an ACRE,

on which is a good shed and 2 wells of water.

TERMS OF SALE:—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of the sale; and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

Oct. 29. JACOB GEISINGER, Adm'r.

Orphans' Court Sale OF VALUABLE Real Estate!

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, there will be sold at public sale on the premises, in Fishingcreek township, in said county, on

Friday, Nov. 26, 1886,

at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described real estate, late of Reuben Hess, deceased, to-wit: A valuable farm, bounded by lands of John Rhinard Peter Creveling, John Creveling, Frederick Hartman, Benjamin C. Hess and others, and containing

143 ACRES,

more or less.

About thirty acres of this is WOOD LAND, well timbered, the balance is under a good state of cultivation, whereon are erected a large frame

DWELLING HOUSE,

a large bank barn, with straw shed attached, wagon shed and other outbuildings, A good

APPLE ORCHARD

and other fruit trees on the premises, a well of never failing water. The location is healthy and within two miles of the proposed Bloomsburg and Sullivan railroad.

TERMS OF SALE:—The widow's dower of one-third to remain a lien on the land and the interest to be paid annually to the said widow. Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the balance of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of the sale; and the remaining three-fourths of the two-thirds in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi. At the death of the widow the remaining one-third to be paid to the legal representatives of said deceased. Purchaser to pay for drawing deed and to give approved security for compliance with terms of sale.

nov12 ONCAR J. HESS, Trustee.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOHN J. STILES, DEC'D.

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of Lewis A. Stiles, administrator de bonis non of said estate, to and among the parties entitled, will meet all parties interested, for the purpose of his appointment, at his office, in the borough of Berwick, on Saturday, November 20, 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all parties interested are required to make and prove their claims or be debarred from coming in upon said fund. C. B. JACKSON, Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Emma M. Brader, late of Centre Twp., deceased.

Letters of administration on the said estate having been granted to the undersigned admr., all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to pay the same, and those having claims against said estate present the same to

nov12 6t* A. D. BRADER, Adm'r.

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

Estate of James Barry, late of Germantown, Columbia county, Pa., dec'd.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of James Barry, dec'd, late of Germantown, Columbia county, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned. All parties indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to immediately present them to MARY JANE BARRY, oct22 Executrix, Germantown, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Samuel Ash, late of Scott Twp., dec'd.

Letters testamentary in said estate having been granted to the undersigned executor, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to pay the same, and those having claims against said estate present the same to

J. TERWILLIGER, Executor, nov5 Lightstreet, Pa.

RULE ON HEIRS.

ESTATE OF CATHARINE FARVER, DECEASED.

To Peter Farver, Briggsville, Luzerne Co. Pa., Hester Reinhard Salladasburg, Lycoming Co. Pa. Sarah A. Hoss, Kansas Centre, Kansas, Thomas Farver, Caseville, Huron Co Mich.

You and each of you are cited to be and appear before the Judges of our Orphans' Court at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bloomsburg on the second Monday of December next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of the said Catharine Farver deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by the inquest duly awarded by the said court and returned by the sheriff, or show cause why it shall not be sold.

WITNESS, the Honorable William Elwell, President of our said court at Bloomsburg, the 8th day of Nov. A. D. 1886.

W. H. SNYDER, CLERK

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1886.

CORRECT RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6:36 a. m.	11:49 a. m.
3:42 p. m.	6:13 p. m.

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6:15 a. m.	9:39 a. m.
10:20 a. m.	11:44 a. m.
2:02 p. m.	4:15 p. m.
6:36 p. m.	8:47 p. m.

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:47 a. m.	11:57 p. m.
5:24 p. m.	8:29 p. m.
SUNDAY.	
NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:14 a m	6:44 p m

PUBLIC SALES.

NOVEMBER 26.—J. R. Pohe will sell valuable personal property at public sale, on the premises, near Lightstreet, consisting of horses, cows, chickens, geese, ducks, turkeys, one side-bar buggy, etc. Sale at 10 a. m.

NOVEMBER 23.—A. P. Young administrator of Wilson A. Thomas, deceased, will sell valuable personal property on the premises, near Millville, on Tuesday, November, 23, 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m., horses, cows, calves, hogs, &c.

Oscar J. Hess, trustee, will sell real estate of the late Reuben Hess, on the premises in Fishingcreek township, on Friday, November 26 at ten o'clock in the forenoon. A valuable farm of 143 acres, part timber land.

WANTED.—A journeyman tinner, by the month or year. Apply to G. N. Smith, Orangeville, Pa. 2t.

FOR SALE.—The undersigned will sell 40 or 50 acres, more or less, to suit purchasers, from the south side of his farm in Hemlock township. Three good springs of water, good building site, public road through the land, about 5 acres of timber, small stream of water through land. Price $15 per acre in payments. For particulars inquire of Reuben Bomboy, Buckhorn, or Geo. E. Elwell, Bloomsburg. J4,6 mos.

Fishingcreek Friends' Monthly Meeting School Millville, Pa.

A graded day school for both sexes having a well organized preparatory department. The course of study adopted, offers superior advantages for a thorough, guarded education at very moderate terms. Boarding obtained at reasonable rates. For full particulars address,

ANNIE C. DOHLAND, Principal.
oc15-3m* Millville, Pa

Spectacles and Eye glasses at George A. Clark's Book Store.

Personal.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul E. Wirt went to Philadelphia on Monday.

D. R. Coffman and wife went to New York on Tuesday to visit relatives.

G. B. Swank of Heilersville was in town a short time Wednesday on business.

Mrs. Elisha Bowers and her son, Dallet Bowers and bride, were the guests of Mr. I. S. Kuhn last week, from whence they called upon their numerous friends in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Manning, of Brighton, N. Y., attended the funeral of Daniel Wertman, a brother of the latter, on Thursday, in Jackson township. Mr. Wertman died at the residence of Clinton Lewis, where he came from Harrisburg for the benefit of his health.

Jacoby keeps his oysters in a dark room and sells a solid quart for 30c.

A Solleder just received a fine lot of night singing canaries, imported from Germany. Nov 12 2 w.

The Philologian Society will hold a reunion on Thursday evening, Nov. 25, at 7 p. m. in Normal Hall.

Passengers and baggage delivered free to persons buying western tickets of Moyer Bro's. Agts. Penna. R. R.

Bruce Rhawn is slowly recovering from the accident which necessitated the amputation of his arm near the shoulder.

That excellent remedy Castoria, will be found announced elsewhere in this issue, and in every issue for the coming year.

Dr. J. H. Moore, the specialist from Pittston, will be at the Exchange Hotel on Saturday, Nov. 20, from 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.

The time table on the D. L. & W. railroad will be changed next week. Our evening mail will then be received much earlier.

Rebecca Carmen, of Benton, has just received a fine assortment of latest styles in Winter hats, millinery goods, woolen goods and yarns.

Samuel Patterson of Greenwood while in the barn threshing on Tuesday was struck on the head by a board falling from overhead and killed instantly.

In announcing the acceptance of the call to the Episcopal church, by Rev. W. C. Leverett last week, we wrote that he would come here about the middle of next month. The type made us say next week.

N. U. Funk, Esq., administrator of the estate of Lydia Sponenberg, sold at public sale on Saturday, November 13, the farm of the deceased at $73 per acre. Mr. A. B. Croop, of Briarcreek, was the purchaser.

A. A. Zaner has re-opened his meat maket at Audubon, Iowa. He has not yet recovered from his severe sickness, but will have the market in good hands, and hopes for a liberal patronage. The market has been closed since he was first taken sick.

Martin Rupert an old resident of this town, died on Monday last aged 70 years. He had been ill about six weeks. Mr. Rupert was born in Catawissa but spent most of his life in Bloomsburg. He was a brother of Miss Julia Rupert and the late A. M. Rupert. A widow, a son and a daughter survive him. The funeral took place on Wednesday.

Messrs. McGee, of Philadelphia, who talk of erecting a carpet factory here, were in town on Monday, and were entertained by a committee of the Board of Trade. They attended a meeting of the Board in the evening and expressed themselves as greatly pleased with the town and people. The Board has made a proposition to them in the way of inducements to bring them here, but they were not prepared to give a final answer. Their factory will give employment to about 60 hands.

A change has been made in the time table of the Pennsylvania railroad, which took effect Monday, Nov. 15. The early north and south trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry five minutes earlier than heretofore, and the afternoon trains one hour earlier. We have made the corrections in our local time table, and will correct those of the Pennsylvania road next issue. By the change in time passengers can reach Baltimore and Washington nearly one-half hour earlier than heretofore.

Finest scenery going West by Penna. R. R. Tickets at Moyer Bros.

We have received an invitation to attend the twenty-fourth anniversary exercises of Coleman College, Newark, N. J. on Tuesday, the 16th. Charles B. Lutz is a member of the committee on reception. William Rishton is also taking a course at this institution.

Dr. C. W. Ammerman, of Greenwood, Delaware, visited friends in this county last week. The Doctor speaks very highly of his new home in Delaware, and thinks it the most delightful country to be found. He has commenced an industry heretofore undeveloped by the citizens of Delaware. He has planted an acre of peanuts, from which he expects to get at least seventy-five bushels, some think one hundred. Many a single hill has over a quart of peanuts. There is no more trouble in raising and gathering them than there is in raising potatoes. The present price of peanuts in Delaware is $1.35 per bushel. The Doctor lives in the midst of the fish and oyster district, and states that they have had shad in the frying pan in less than half an hour after they were taken from the net. A large roe shad sells there for ten cents.

List of letters remaining in the Post Office at Bloomsburg for week ending Nov. 16, 1886:

Mrs. Polly Brown, Miss Cora Cooper, Mrs. Ella Hartman, Dr. W. R. Little, Phoeby Neyhart, Isaiah Ohl, Miss Clara Persing, Wallace W. Persull, Mrs. Elizabeth Rambo, Mrs. Susan Rambuch, Miss Hattie Serner, Mrs Ida Swartz, Miss Martha J. Warr.

CARDS.

Samuel Leteman, Ulysses O'Blosser.

HUNGARIAN AND ITALIAN.

Giovanni Ricci, Gabbriele Bionti, Topolyon Mihaly (Ship), Vadsam Mihal, Michele Savino (Ship).

Persons calling for these letters will please say "advertised."

GEORGE A. CLARK, P. M.

At the monthly entertainment of the Young Men's Christian Association last night Herr Andre's Alpine Choir and Tyrolese Company gave their first concert in America, and the simplicity and absence of affectation, together with the pretty costumes of the performers, seemed to please the audience almost as much as the fine performance of the Austrian melodies. The company intend to make a tour of the United States under the management of Redpath Lyceum Bureau after which they will return to New York. — *N. Y. Tribune, October 5.*

The Calliepian and Philologian Societies have made arrangements for the appearance of this celebrated troupe in the Opera House, Bloomsburg, on Tuesday evening of Next week, Nov. 23. The troupe is billed for Williamsport the 22d and Scranton the 24th and leaving the 23d vacant, the societies were enabled to secure them. It will be a rare musical treat, and all who can should avail themselves of it. Reserved seat tickets on sale at F. D. Dentler's.

Silas W. McHenry, of Jackson township, died suddenly last Friday morning at 5 o'clock. He was apparently well and hearty on Thursday and did a day's work at carpentering. He retired as usual, and early in the morning his wife discovered that there was something wrong with him, and she aroused the household, and sent for a doctor, but he died before medical aid could reach him. The funeral took place on Sunday and was very largely attended, at Union church.

Mr. McHenry was a little more than 51 years of age. He was a County Commissioner from 1876 to 1879, and was a faithful and efficient official. He was a carpenter by trade, though for many years he taught school, and was a man of more than ordinary intelligence. He was a son of the late Absalom McHenry, and a brother of Lowry, Edward, George, Clinton and Lavina McHenry, and Mrs. B. F Savage. His sudden death while still in the prime and vigor of life, is a great blow to his family and to the community in which he lived.

The twentieth annual session of the National Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, was held at Philadelphia from Wednesday of last week to the middle of the present week. About two thousand representatives of the various granges in the United States were present. The following from Grange No. 322 Patrons of Husbandry, of this place were in attendance: W. J. Bidleman, delegate from the Grange and the following members, J. C. Creveling, Bloomsburg, Miss Minnie Quick, Rupert, Wm. Mench, Rupert, Geo. Suplee, Bloomsburg and W. C. Bryfogle, Bloomsburg, Master of Grange No. 322. The four last named received the 6th. degree. Among the various items of interest brought before the Grange was the following:

"Recognizing the blessings of Constitutional liberty and that George Washington was earnestly interested in promoting husbandry in the American wilderness, it was resolved to commend to the earnest support of every farmer the centennial anniversary of the framing of the Constitution of the United States, and to urge the Governors of the States and Territories to send delegates to the convention to be held here December 2. It was also resolved to request President Cleveland to encourage the celebration. Pat Darden, of Mississippi, and Leonard Rhone, of Pennsylvania, were appointed to see that the intention of the resolution was complied with."

Enterprising Godey.

With the receipt of the usual prospectus and announcement of this, the best of all lady magazines, viz.: Godey's Lady's Book, we notice that it has distanced all its competitors in securing for the literary corps two such stars as Miss Rose Cleveland (our President's sister), and the best known of all fashion writers, Jenny June, whose articles commence in the January number. Like old wine, Godey's seems to grow better with age, and we hope our lady friends will show their appreciation of enterprise by sending their subscription (only $2 00 yearly) for our old and esteemed friend, Godey's Lady's Book, Philadelphia, Pa.

Treatment for Hog Cholera.

Mr. Chandlee Eves has sent us the following letter for publication. The information contained in it is valuable and should be preserved. Dr. F. Bridge, the writer, is connected with the veterinary department of the State Board of Agriculture:

CHANDLEE EVES, Esq., *Dear Sir*:—Mr Thomas J. Edge has sent me your letter of the 11th inst. for reply. You say "that there is a disease prevailing among the hogs a few miles east of you, hog cholera." This is a very troublesome disease and entails a large amount of work to get rid of it. In the first place it has been the usual custom to remove the sick from the well, but it is much better to keep removing the well from the sick, leaving the sick to the infected quarters. Give plenty of pure water to wallow in and drink. Clean the pens out once daily and sprinkle well with chloride of lime. Mix equal parts of flowers, sulphur, powdered nitrate potash, powdered chlorate potash, and to each 100 lb. hog give a teaspoonful twice a day. If the hog can eat, the medicine may be mixed with the food.

Faithfully yours, F. BRIDGE.
West Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 16, 1886.

HOMICIDE AT ORANGEVILLE.

Clem W. Wells Shot by Wm. Hughes.

On Saturday last about one o'clock as William Hughes was coming from A. B. Stewart's store at Orangeville, across the street towards Long's hotel, a man named Clemuel Woodin Wells rushed out from the side door of the hotel, and exclaiming "You ——— I've got you where I want you," made a dash for Hughes. As soon as Hughes saw Wells he turned to go toward Snyder & Sleppy's store as if to avoid him, but as Wells was almost upon him he turned around and told Wells that he was armed and that if he attempted to injure him he (Hughes) would shoot him. Wells paid no attention to this, but rushed in and struck Hughes a powerful blow on the right side of the face, dropping him to his knees. Befor Hughes could get up Wells was upon him and began choking and pounding him unmercifully. Hughes lay on his back in the mud about the centre of the point where Main and Pine streets cross, and Wells was on top of him. As the second blow was struck, Wells, either with his feet or his knees jumped on Hughes' breast and then began pounding him in the face. Shortly after the scuffle commenced there was a report of a revolver but Wells did not heed it. Then several more reports followed in rapid succession, but Wells did not let go his hold upon Hughes' throat until the last shot was fired, when his grip relaxed, and throwing his head to one side, he rolled off of Hughes, on to his back in the road—dead.

John W. Masteller a clerk at A. B Stewart's store and several others saw the affray, and so did Amos Neyhard, constable, but they were too far away to intertere. After the shooting Hughes got up, and gave himself up to the constable, and handed the revolver to J. M. Long.

The body was carried from the street to the pavement, and, soon after was taken into the hotel parlor. There were four bullet holes found. One ball struck the left cheek at the jaw, and came out near the cheek bone; another entered the neck on the right side; another was in the groin, and the fourth in the abdomen. After being viewed by a coroner's jury the body was delivered to the friends of the deceased and taken to Berwick Saturday evening, where it was buried on Monday.

A jury was empannelled on Saturday evening by H. J. Conner Esq. acting coroner, and consisted of the following persons: A. M. Dewitt, A. W. C. Keller, M. L. Kline, J. E. Hayhurst, Perry Delong and William Fisher. The following witnesses were examined: Dr. A. P. Stoddard, J. W. Masteller, Samuel Adams, Joseph Crawford, Freeman Bellas and Albert Yost. The jury found that deceased came to his death from wounds inflicted by a revolver in the hands of William Hughes.

After giving himself up Mr. Hughes came to Bloomsburg with the constable and a commitment was made out by J. M. Clark Esq. A writ of habeas corpus was taken out by Mr. Buckalew, counsel for Hughes, and at 7 o'clock in the evening a hearing was held before Judge Elwell, District Attorney Billmeyer appearing for the Commonwealth, and Mr. Buckalew for the defendant. Constable Neyhard was sworn, and after hearing him the Judge fixed the 18th at 10 a. m. for a full hearing, $5000 bail to be entered for the appearance of the defendant at that time. I. W. McKelvy, Joshua Fetterman and R. C. Neal became bondsmen.

Mr. Hughes' injuries are serious. He has a deep cut on the side of his face, a very black eye, and much soreness in the chest.

WHAT MADE THE TROUBLE.

William Hughes is one of the contractors on the B. & S. road. His home is in Hazleton, but he is well known all through this section of the state. His mother lives at Orangeville, and it is said that his sister who also lives there, was at a window near by and saw the scuffle and its terrible result.

Clem Wells lived at Berwick. His mother, two brothers and one sister living there are very estimable people. He was about 22 years old. He was engaged in driving a team belonging to Samuel Adams of Berwick at the railroad work above Orangeville. For some reason he was discharged by Mr. Hughes on Friday morning, and on that evening he came down here to the Exchange hotel, and followed Hughes into the wash-room and struck him in the face after some altercation. Hughes ran out into the office pursued by Wells, and stumbled on a spitoon and fell down, when Wells tried to beat him, but was prevented by the bystanders. He had previously made threats of violence against Hughes, and from all reports was lying in wait for him at Orangeville. He is said to have been a desperate character, and when intoxicated he was the terror of Berwick. He was a man of powerful frame, and Hughes was no match for him. The latter had said in Stewart's store a few moments before the affray that he knew Wells could whip three men like him.

Hughes left Bloomsburg about 12 o'clock on Saturday to look after his work at the railroad. He tied his horse on the street, went into Stewart's store after some tobacco, and was on his way to get his horse to go on up to his work when he was attacked by Wells.

The above are the facts in the case carefully gleaned from sources supposed to be reliable.

Mr. Geo. Yost, son of Isaac Yost of this place and Miss Alvaretta Lazarus, were married Tuesday afternoon at half past one o'clock at the residence of the bride's parents in the valley about two miles below Bloomsburg. The ceremony was performed by Rev. F. P. Manhart. About one hundred invited guests were present who speak very complimentary of the bounteous repast furnished them by Mr. and Mrs. Lazarus. Numerous and costly presents were brought for the newly married couple, among which was a china dinner and tea set of 131 pieces. The happy couple took the four o'clock train for Williamsport and other cities amidst the congratulations and good wishes of the numerous friends present.

Wanamaker's.

PHILADELPHIA, November 15, 1886.

Every time we take up our pen to write about dress-stuffs we think "What *can* we say of a storeful of stuffs of every sort and degree!"

It was hard enough before to pick out the news; but this fall there is everything here. To mention any particular dress-stuff seems to imply that everything isn't here. When wants are so various how can we expect to do anything better than say you will find whatever you want at the proper counter,

There's the question of prices. There are other stores. They are not asleep. They are between us and some of you. They would like you to think they sell things for less than we. Now and then they pluck up courage and do it. Lose money very likely. But better to lose a little money once in a while, they think, than to lose their hold on you altogether. So once in a while they beat us. Not very often or long. Costs money. Cheaper to "play," as the children do. You can't always tell who is beating by what you read in the papers. So, perhaps, there's no better way than to shop and keep shopping.

You know the old cry that we were underselling everybody. Trade was good-for-nothing. Philadelphia gone to the bow-wows. Why, we've actually felt compelled in self-defense to say "We do not undersell. We only sell as low as we can." If somebody else sells lower, he is the underseller. Wonder who that is!

Queer world this! Queer city! Queer people! Nobody wants to be an "underseller" and everybody trying to undersell.

We are like the rest. We'd be ashamed to be doing nothing bigger or better than simply underselling. We sell as low as we can.

That's what we are doing in dress-stuffs; but there's nothing new in that. And yet we're actually paying the paper good money to tell of it.

Queer! Very queer!

Our odd lots and remnants of dress-stuffs all at one counter, gathered every day from all over the store, are a storeful of dress-stuffs; and in more than one respect they are like the stock of an ordinary store—in one they are not.

They are helter-skelter; what you don't want is sure to be there; a little behindhand, some of 'em; prices way off.

It's one of the busiest parts of the store. We make money by losing it there

Northwest of the store.

We meant to print a full account of our winter underwear, merino, wool and silk, men's, women's and children's. Nothing but opportunity to get the information together has hindered. Weather held off so long we kept thinking the time would wait. Now the time will wait no longer; the store is full of buyers; they have got to be attended to; Mr. Jennings, the man who carries it all in his head, can't give a day to help the news-man through; and nothing less will do. We must let it go.

No loss to us. The store is as full of buyers as of underwear. What have we to gain by crowding? Nothing. Even now it is fair to say what lies under the surface just here: You had better come for urgent things—whatever they are that belong to wintry weather—come in the early cold mornings before lazy folks get out.

What is there to come for? Whatever you want. Not whatever you imagine you want. You often find, when you go to a first-rate collection of anything, no watter what, that your notions are wrong. Things change. What was good last year is superceded by something better this year. You had better come with a general notion and make it definite after you see what is here. That is buying intelligently.

We are saying that all the really wanted things are here. We have to say this knowing almost nothing about it. Why do we have to say it? Because the man whose business it is to provide them says they are here; and the people buying prove it.

And yet we wish we could set them out in a row in this paper. You could turn them over in your mind before coming. You would come half-ready to pick out your things. It would shorten your buying, not make it more.

Nevertheless we'll try to get at some unexpected items another day.

Whatever you imagine you want in underwear—either that or something better is here.

West of Arcade, several counters three or four back from the door.

The other day we told all we knew about blankets. We have put it into a primer. Do you want it? Say so then. We'll send it.

Now is the time to be wise about blankets; and here are the blankets. Don't wait for the doctor!

Opposite the Waiting Room, West Transept.

Now come down to a homely timely comfortable thing for a minute: Cheese-cloth comfortables filled with carded cotton. Cost next to nothing; as good as five times their money in blankets; better in fact; and pretty—we didn't mean ugly by homely—$1.75 for cheese-cloth unbleached; $2 for pink, blue, yellow and red—they are mostly tied with contrasting colors.

We haven't a better bit of cold-weather merchandise.

Opposite the Waiting Room, off the West Transept

JOHN WANAMAKER,

Chestnut, Thirteenth and Market streets, and City-hall square.

25¢ A BOTTLE
SALVATION OIL
KILLS PAIN

"The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain." Will relieve more quickly than any other known remedy. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Stiff Neck, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Lumbago, Pleurisy, Sores, Frost-bites, Backache, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Sciatica, Wounds, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, etc. Price 25 cts. a bottle. Sold by all druggists. Caution—The genuine Salvation Oil bears our registered Trade-Mark, and our fac-simile signature. A. C. Meyer & Co., Sole Proprietors, Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

For the cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of consumptive persons in advanced stages of the Disease. For Sale by all Druggists. Price, 25 cents.

East Benton.

William Appleman, of Benton, died last Sunday morning, a week ago, at the advanced age of about 73 years. He was a victim of military persecution, and imprisoned at Fort Mifflin.

Paul Gibbons arrived last Thursday noon. He was an entire stranger and knew no one, not even his parents. Philip says he will teach him the English language, if he stays home long enough.

Joe Knelly says that "chick" is not for sale that lays eggs in circumferences 6¾x7¾ inches. Reason—He eats eggs, U. No.

Some people seem to think that the B. & S. Railroad will yet divert at Stillwater and take a new course to the mountain via the west branch of Raven Creek, while the W. & W. will go up the east branch, and, through Rocky and Marshal hollows via Stillwater, Cambra, Harveyville, to either Shickshinny or Hunlock's Creek. This is decidedly the route that will best facilitate this great region and valley, and would naturally take all the freight between the mountains, not in close proximity to the B. & S. Should that company fail to see this, their best interest, they would certainly be oblivious to golden opportunities for securing the best advantages. The people are awake and do not propose to let this road take the Huntington creek route without first making the greatest of efforts to induce this enterprise through the centre of the valley. There will be many railroad meetings held, not only along the line, but on either side, to the mountains.

The construction of these two railroads are about to supply a long felt want and the thrift of our people will take a new impulse from the date of this new railroad era, as the W. & W. at the western terminus taps an inexhaustible supply of the best quality of lime which our people hope to have shipped, to add fertility to the soil, while at the eastern terminus it also will tap an inexhaustible supply of coal, which will be used in larger quantities than heretofore, by reason of commodious transportations to convenient points. The B. & S. will, to a larger degree, open up the great lumber traffic and develop our mineral resources in northern Columbia and Sullivan counties, while it is also a link that will shorten distances between northern and southern points. Our people should hail the day for their deliverance from a lifelong pent up condition and obstructed communication by natural barriers with the outer world.

Reuben Gibbons killed a hog that dressed 460 lbs.

Protracted meeting commenced at Hamlin last Sunday night, and is being conducted by Rev. Boone.

Rev. Houtz has services at St. James this Thursday and Friday evenings. Communion, Sunday morning. Preparatory services, Saturday evening.

Undisputed Merit.

The great success of the Royal Baking Powder, is due to the extreme care exercised by its manufacturers to make it entirely pure, uniform in quality, and of the highest leavening power. All the scientific knowledge, care and skill, attained by a twenty year's practical experience, are contributed toward this end, and no pharmaceutical preparation can be dispensed with a greater accuracy, precision and exactness. Every article used is absolutely pure. A number of chemists are employed to test the strength of each ingredient, so that its exact power and effect in combination with its co-ingredients, is definitely known. Nothing is trusted to chance, and no person is employed in the preparation of the materials used or the manufacture of the powder, who is not an expert in his particular branch of the business. As a consequence, the Royal Baking Powder is of the highest grade of excellence, always pure, wholesome and uniform in quality. Each box is exactly like every other, and will retain its powers and produce the same and the highest leavening effect in any climate, at any time. The Government Chemists, after having analyzed all the principal brands in the market, in their reports placed the Royal Baking Powder at the head of the list for strength, purity, and wholesomeness, and thousands of tests all over the country have further demonstrated the fact that its qualities are, in every respect, unrivaled.

Church fairs, festivals and oyster suppers, should give Jacoby a call for oysters. Wholesale price, from 90c. per gal. upwards.

Mimin.

Prop business is reviving.

Lettie Huffnogle returned from Nanticoke on Monday where she spent the summer with her sister.

Wm. Hartzel Sr. shot a wild turkey on Saturday and another on Monday.

The Hetlerville post master now handles mail and female because "its a girl."

We are glad to note the speedy recovery of Stephen Hetler from his recent illness. Mr. Hetler is a highly respected citizen and all will be pleased to see him about again.

Rev. Galloway is holding protracted meeting at Hetlerville.

The E. B. Brown monument which was erected this week by Kurtz & Son, came from Boston and weighs nearly five tons.

Supt. Grimes visited schools in this township last week.

CHILDREN STARVING TO DEATH on account of their inability to digest food, will find a most marvellous food and remedy in Scott's Emulsion. Very palatable and easily digested. Dr. S. W. Cohen, of Waco, Texas, says: "I have used your Emulsion in infantile wasting. It not only restores wasted tissues, but gives strength and increases the appetite."

It will pay all our readers to peruse very carefully, the article elsewhere copied from the *Scientific American*, addressed to that dispassionate paper, and reproduced herein because it is of very great value to everyone, containing some important scientific facts very plainly put.

Buckhorn.

When corn is scarce pork is always cheap. Why is it?

Elisha Hartman of N. Y., son of Patrick Hartman, is visiting relatives in this section.

H. D. McBride sold his young team.

L. E. Whary of Bloom, delivered a heater for J. E. White on Saturday, and on Monday a new range for C. H. Deitrick. Buckhorn is getting quite warm.

Mrs. S. Hittle, is suffering from a wound on the wrist received from the spur of a pet fowling piece. He was mad about the election.

Chas. Harris is in Hamburg, Pa., clerking in his brother's drug store.

Cleos Kistler took his departure on Tuesday for Nanticoke to learn telegraphy.

The funeral of Mrs. E. J. Ohl took place on Friday at 10 o'clock. Rev. Tubbs officiating.

I. G. Pursel and wife are in the vicinity of Muncy visiting.

Last week E. Bundy slaughtered 65 young chickens, 30 old hens, and 22 ducks all in a day. He packed them in barrels and shipped to Wilkesbarre.

Girls, when the cold wind blows, take care of your beaux that they don't get froze. Advise him to wear good clothes and wrap up his toes in warm woolen hose; also, bind up his nose before he goes. The above, just suppose, was written in prose by one of those beaux that sometimes knows of the effect of cold snows.

The Old Plan and the New.

[From the New York Financial Review.]

Mr. James F. Morse, Vice President of the Security Mutual Benefit Society of New York, 233 Broadway, has recently placed insurance to the amount of $100,000 on the lives of Ex-Senator Arkell and his son, W. J. Arkell, proprietor of the Albany *Evening Journal* and the *Judge*. This insurance has been placed in the above named and other leading companies doing business on the assessment plan. The annual cost of carrying it will be less than a thousand dollars. In the old life or level premium companies the cost would be *four thousand five hundred dollars*. The Arkel's are among the leading business men of the country, and their endorsement of this method of life insurance will carry weight in the business community.

The Security Mutual Benefit Society was organized in 1881, and we learn that the cost for assessments to a member forty years of age has been less than five dollars a year for each thousand dollars of insurance.

Reunion.

The Third Annual Reunion of the Sixth Regiment Pennsylvania Reserve Association, will be held at Bloomsburg, Penn'a, Tuesday, December 21, 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m. In commemoration of the engagement of the regiment at Drainesville, Va., December 20, 1861, the first successful battle of the Army of the Potomac, the Gettysburg Monumental Committee will report, and some definite arrangement will be made in regard to its erection and location, and markers be placed where the Regiment was engaged during that memorable struggle. The election of officers will be held and such other business transacted as may properly come before the Association. A full attendance of the old veterans is expected. H. B. McKean is President of the Association and O. D. Lyon, Secretary.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Seven large fine hanging lamps sold last week at I. W. Hartman & Son's. Lots of them still on hand.

Do not forget that we have one of the largest stocks of Black Silk in town.
H. W. SLOAN.

Having just received a cylinder for finishing silks and cloths, I am prepared to clean and dye gents' clothing, ladies' cloaks, sacques, silks, dresses, shawls, &c. Feathers dyed and curled. Packages forwarded by express will receive prompt attention, according to directions. Call or address, J. O. Caswell, dyer, Bloomsburg Woolen Mills. sep24-tf.

The fine dishes at I. W. Hartman & Son's are being opened every day. No place like theirs in the county for Dishes, Glassware, &c.

McKillip, Bloomsburg.

Crayon Artist and Photographer. Instantaneous process. Fine Cabinet Photos, only $3 a doz. (tf

Full lines of Ladies' Men's and Children's Underwear, both Scarlet and White.
H. W. SLOAN.

LIVER COMPLAINT

SYMPTOMS: *Bad breath; a bitter or bad taste in the mouth; pain in the back, sides or joints, often mistaken for rheumatism; sour stomach; loss of appetite; bowels alternately costive and lax; headache; loss of memory, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done; debility; low spirits; a thick, yellow appearance of the skin and eyes; a dry cough, often mistaken for consumption.*

How Cured.

"I have been afflicted many years with Dyspepsia, sick headache and affection of the kidneys caused by torpid liver. I have tried a great many remedies and physicians prescriptions without success, health failing all the time. During last Fall and Winter I was obliged to suspend the most of my labor in my field of Home Missionary work on account of my health. Early this Spring I was induced to try Simmons Liver Regulator, and have had more real good health since then than for years before. I use the medicine to relive me when, by exposure or over-exertion, I discover the symptoms of my disease returning. The Regulator relieves me at once, and is more satisfactory in its effects than anything of the kind I ever tried. I have also used it with good success in my family to ward off billious attacks."—Jos. E. WHEELER, Cumberland Pres. Minister, Lebanon, Mo.

The First Sign

Of failing health, whether in the form of Night Sweats and Nervousness, or in a sense of General Weariness and Loss of Appetite, should suggest the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This preparation is most effective for giving tone and strength to the enfeebled system, promoting the digestion and assimilation of food, restoring the nervous forces to their normal condition, and for purifying, enriching, and vitalizing the blood.

Failing Health.

Ten years ago my health began to fail. I was troubled with a distressing Cough, Night Sweats, Weakness, and Nervousness. I tried various remedies prescribed by different physicians, but became so weak that I could not go up stairs without stopping to rest. My friends recommended me to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which I did, and I am now as healthy and strong as ever.—Mrs. E. L. Williams, Alexandria, Minn.

I have used Ayer's Sarsaparilla, in my family, for Scrofula, and know, if it is taken faithfully, that it will thoroughly eradicate this terrible disease. I have also prescribed it as a tonic, as well as an alterative, and must say that I honestly believe it to be the best blood medicine ever compounded.—W. F. Fowler, M. D., D. D. S., Greenville, Tenn.

Dyspepsia Cured.

It would be impossible for me to describe what I suffered from Indigestion and Headache up to the time I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I was under the care of various physicians, and tried a great many kinds of medicines, but never obtained more than temporary relief. After taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla for a short time, my headache disappeared, and my stomach performed its duties more perfectly. To-day my health is completely restored.—Mary Harley, Springfield, Mass.

I have been greatly benefited by the prompt use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It tones and invigorates the system, regulates the action of the digestive and assimilative organs, and vitalizes the blood. It is, without doubt, the most reliable blood purifier yet discovered.—H. D. Johnson, 383 Atlantic avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Price $1; six bottles, $5.

Another extra hand added to I. W. Hartman & Son's for rapid delivering of goods. Goods will be delivered to Rupert, Espy and all around within easy distance of Bloomsburg.

For fancy printing of any kind go to the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

We have full lines of Grey and White Blankets. Our $2.50 Grey Blanket is the best value for the money we have ever had.
H. W. SLOAN.

The COATS, the UNDERWEAR, the SHAWLS, the DRESS GOODS, the TRIMMINGS, the BOOKS, the SHOES, &c., at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Executors' and administrators' receipt books at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

Canton Flannels, from 6c. to 18c.; our 6c. Canton is as good quality as we sold at 10c. one year ago.
H. W. SLOAN.

If you wish a good Coat or Wrap, one to fit nicely, go to I. W. Hartman & Son's while the stock is large.

We have a lot of Newmarkets and Coats that we will sell less than cost to close.
H. W. SLOAN.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Purify your blood, tone up the system, and regulate the digestive organs by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Sold by all druggists.

Man, woman or child attacked with Bright's disease, diabetes, gravel or urinary complaints, should use the best weapon—Dr Kilmer's Swamp-Root, Kidney, Liver and Bladder Cure. It goes right to the spot. Price 25c., $1.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S CROWN.

The crown of Queen Victoria consists of diamonds, pearls, rubies, sapphires and emeralds, set in silver and gold. Its gross weight is 39 oz. 5 dwt troy. The number of diamonds are 3,352; pearls, 273; rubies, 9; sapphires, 17; emeralds, 11. It is an old saying—Uneasy lies the head that wears a crown. It is better to wear the crown of perfect health and peace of mind through the curative effects of Perrine's Pure Barley Malt Whiskey. For sale by druggists and all dealers.

THE FIRST KEEN TWINGE.—As the season advances, the pains and aches by which rheumatism makes itself known, are experienced after every exposure. It is not claimed that Hood's Sarsaparilla is a specific for rheumatism—we doubt if there is, or can be, such a remedy. But the thousands benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla warrant us in urging others who suffer from rheumatism to take it before the first keen twinge.

ENDORSEMENT OF A LEADING PHYSICIAN.—"I have used Darbys Prophylactic Fluid extensively as a disinfectant and deodorizer, and find it an admirable preparation. Whenever there are offensive discharges from wounds, abscesses, etc., it is wonderful in its action. I consider it the best preparation I know as a gargle in diphtheria or scarlet fever. J. CRESWELL LEWIS, M. D., Phila.

See what the Secretary of the Interstate Poultry and Pet Stock Association, of Coleta, Illinois, says:

August 3, 1886.

S. S. MYERS,
DEAR SIR.—I have used some of your Chick-chick-er-ee-kee Poultry Food, and am satisfied that it increases the egg production of my fowls.
A. A. COWDERY.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla acts directly and promptly, purifying and enriching the blood, improving the appetite, strengthening the nerves, and invigorating the system. It is, in the truest sense, an alterative medicine. Every invalid should give it a trial.

CELEBRATED WINE PRODUCT OF NEW JERSEY.—The best wine in the country, that received the highest premium at the Centennial, is Speer's Port Grape Wine which has become a celebrated product of New Jersey. This wine and his P. J. Brandy are used by physicians everywhere, who rely upon them as the purest to be had. It is unsurpassed for weekly females and old people. For sale by druggists.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

The fact you read the newspaper is evidence that you desire to keep posted up in what is going on. This paragraph is to inform you that Dreydoppel's Borax Soap is the best soap made in America. Try it. [19

The Old Way and the New.

THE OLD WAY—Rock the baby in a saptrough, carry it to town in a potato basket, give it salts and senna for a physic, wash it with soft soap and water; when sick dose it to death with harsh medicines, and then say: "The Lord claimed it." THE NEW WAY—Use Dr. Hand's Remedies for Children, which have been tested in his practice for 15 years. They are pure, safe, and a God-send to parents and children. Dr. Hand's remedies are: Teething Lotion, a wonderfully soothing and harmless lotion to bathe the gums of teething babes. Colic Cure, promptly relieves colic and soothes cross babes without stupefying them. Pleasant Physic, for children and adults, cures constipation. Worm Elixir, which is combined with a purge. Cough and Croup Medicine, has no superior in its line. Diarrhœa Mixture, cures when everything else fails. General Tonic, gives tone and appetite to weakly children. Chafing Powder, heals sore and chafed babies in a day. Price of each, only 25 cts. For sale by C. A. Kleim, druggist.

Orders for engraved plates for calling cards may be left at the COLUMBIAN office. tf

Hand bills, posters and circulars done on short notice and at low prices at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

Notes of all kinds, loose, or in books of 25, 50 and 100 notes, for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

We have but a few copies of Freeze's History of Columbia County. Price reduced from $2.50 to $1.00. Those who have been waiting, thinking they could get them any time, had better secure a copy at once or they will be too late.

Scientific Truth.

REGARDING THE FUNCTIONS OF AN IMPORTANT ORGAN.

OF WHICH THE PUBLIC KNOWS BUT LITTLE WORTHY CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

To the Editor of the Scientific American :

Will you permit us to make known to the public the facts we have learned during the past 8 years concerning disorders of the human Kidneys and the organs which diseased Kidneys so easily break down? You are conducting a Scientific paper, and are unprejudiced except in favor of TRUTH. *It is needless to say, no medical Journal of "Code" standing would admit these facts, for very obvious reasons.*

H. H. WARNER & CO.,
Proprietors of "Warner's Safe Cure."

That we may emphasize and clearly explain the relation the kidneys sustain to the general health, and how much is dependent upon them, we propose, metaphorically speaking, to take one from the human body, place it in the wash-bowl before us and examine it for the public benefit.

You will imagine that we have before us a body shaped like a bean, smooth and glistening, about four inches in length, two in width, and one in thickness. It ordinarily weighs in the adult male, about five ounces, but is somewhat lighter in the female. A small organ? you say. But understand the body of the average size man contains about *ten quarts of blood, of which every drop passes through these filters or sewers*, as they may be called, *many times a day* as often as through the heart, making a complete revolution in *three minutes*. From the blood they separate the waste material, working away steadily night and day, sleeping or waking, tireless as the heart itself, and fully of as much vital importance; removing impurities from sixty-five *gallons of blood each hour*, or about forty-nine barrels each day, or 9,125 hogshead a year! What a wonder that the kidneys can last any length of time under this prodigious strain, treated and neglected as they are?

We slice this delicate organ open lengthwise with our knife, and will roughly describe its interior.

We find it to be of a reddish-brown color, soft and easily torn; filled with hundreds of little tubes, short and thread-like, starting from the arteries, ending in a little tuft about midway from the outside opening into a cavity of considerable size, which is called the pelvis or, roughly speaking, a sac, which is for the purpose of holding the water to further undergo purification before it passes down from here into the ureters, and so on to the outside of the body. These little tubes are the filters which do their work automatically, and *right here is where the disease of the kidney first begins.*

Doing the vast amount of work which they are obliged to, from the slightest irregularity in our habits from cold, from high living, from stimulants or a thousand and one other causes which occur every day, they become somewhat weakened in their nerve force.

What is the result? Congestion or stoppage of the current of blood in the small blood vessels surrounding them, which become blocked; these delicate membranes are irritated; inflammation is set up, then pus is formed, which collects in the pelvis or sac; the tubes are at first partially, and soon are totally, unable to do their work. The pelvic sac goes on distending with this corruption, pressing upon the blood vessels. All this time remember, the blood, which is entering the kidneys to be filtered, is *passing through this terrible disgusting pus*, for it cannot take any other route!

Stop and think of it for a moment. Do you realize the importance nay the vital necessity, of having the kidneys in order? Can you expect when they are diseased or obstructed, no matter how little, that you can have *pure blood and escape disease?* It would be just as reasonable to expect, if a pest house were set across Broadway and countless thousands were compelled to go through its pestilential doors, an escape from contagion and disease as for one to expect the blood to escape pollution when constantly running through a diseased kidney.

Now, what is the result? Why, that the blood takes up and deposits this poison as it sweeps along into every organ, into every inch of muscle, tissue, flesh and bone, from your head to your feet. And whenever, from hereditary influence or otherwise, some part of the body is weaker than another, a countless train of diseases is established, such as consumption in weak lungs, dyspepsia, where there is a delicate stomach; nervousness, insanity, paralysis or heart disease in those who have weak nerves.

The heart must soon feel the effects of the poison, as it requires pure blood to keep it in right action. It increases its stroke in number and force to compensate for the natural stimulus wanting, in its endeavor to crowd the impure blood through this obstruction, causing pain, palpitation, or an out-of-breath feeling. Unnatural as this forced labor is, the heart must soon falter, becoming weaker and weaker until one day it *suddenly stops*, and death from apparent "heart disease" is the verdict.

But the medical profession, learned and dignified, call these diseases by high sounding names, treat them alone and patients die, *for the arteries are carrying slow death to the affected part*, constantly adding fuel brought from these suppurating, pus-laden kidneys which here in our wash-bowl are very putrefaction itself, and which should have been cured first.

But this is not all the kidneys have to do; for you must remember that each adult takes about seven pounds of nourishment every twenty-four hours to supply the waste of the body which is constantly going on, a waste equal to the quantity taken. This, too, the kidneys have to separate from the blood with all other decomposing matter.

But you say, "my kidneys are all right. I have no pain in the back." Mistaken man! People die of kidney disease of so bad a character that the organs are rotten, and yet they have *never there had a pain nor an ache!*

Why? Because the disease begins, as we have shown, in the interior of the kidney, where *there are few nerves of feeling* to convey the sensation of pain. Why this is so we may never know.

When you consider their great work the delicacy of their structure, the ease with which they are deranged, can you wonder at the ill health of our men and women? Health and long life cannot be expected when so vital an organ is impaired. Non wonder some writers say we are degenerating. Don't you see the great, the extreme importance of keeping this machinery in working order? Could the finest engine do even a fractional part of this work, without attention from the engineer? Don't you see how dangerous this hidden disease is? It is lurking about us constantly, without giving any indication of its presence.

The most skilful physicians cannot detect it at times, *for the kidneys themselves cannot be examined* by any means which we have at our command. Even an analysis of the water, chemically and microscopically, reveals nothing definite in many cases, even when the kidneys are fairly broken down.

Then look out for them, as disease, no matter where situated, to 93 per cent., as shown by after death examinations, has its origin in the breaking down of these secreting tubes in the interior of the kidney.

As you value health, as you desire long life free from sickness and suffering, give these organs some attention. Keep them in good condition and thus prevent (as is easily done) all disease.

Warner's Safe Cure, as it becomes year after year better known for its wonderful cures and its power over the kidneys, has done and is doing more to increase the average duration of life than all the physicians and medicines known. Warner's Safe Cure is a true specific, mild but certain, harmless but energetic and agreeable to the taste.

Take it when sick as a cure, and never let a month go by if you need it, without taking a few bottles as a preventive, that the kidneys may be kept in proper order, the blood pure that health and long life may be your blessing.

H. H. WARNER & CO.

CHURCH NOTES.

It is stated that Methodist missionaries have made 10,000 converts in Sierra Leone, Africa.

Sunday, Nov. 7, will be specially observed as a day of prayer for foreign missions throughout the world.

Dr. William Dean, after service for fifty years as a missionary in China, has just returned to Portland, Me.

The annual meeting of the board of education of the Methodist Episcopal church will be held in New York on Wednesday, Nov. 10.

Methodist leaders are discussing the advisability of holding a convention of Methodists from all parts of the world, in this country in 1891.

Ex-Secretary of War Robert Lincoln has offered to give the new Episcopal church, known as "Lincoln Memorial," in Chicago, a large and elegant Bible presented to his father during his presidency of the United States.

The joint anniversaries of the Sunday School union and of the Tract Society of the Methodist Episcopal church, will be held in St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 19-21. Bishop Bowman, president of the societies, will preside, and several distinguished clergymen and laymen will take part in the exercises.

Three years ago there were no German Congregational churches in any of the large cities of the west. Now there are churches in St. Louis, Chicago, Omaha and a promising mission in Kansas City. Thirteen German Congregational churches have been organized in Dakota, and in the Scandinavian department more than twenty missionaries are at work.

There are no less than thirty-six different missionary societies represented in India, writes the editor of The Star of India, to The Independent, besides ten or more private missions. All branches of the church are represented. Europe and America, Great Britain, the continent, the United States and Canada. According to the statistical summary for 1885 there were 137,504 communicants representing the fruits of these missions.

COLLEGE NOTES.

Harvard has nine more students this year than last.

There are twenty more students at Bowdoin than there were last year.

Professor Gray, of Harvard, has contributed over 100 plants to the conservatory of Vassar, which is now being filled.

An intercollegiate press association has been formed by Harvard, Princeton and Yale, whereby the daily papers of these colleges are to have telegraphic news on sports and matters of general interest.

Senator Allison, of Iowa, and Justin McCarthy will lecture to the Yale students on the currency question. The students at Yale all recognize the need of a greater circulating medium, says The New York World.

The preliminary catalogues of Yale college show that there are representatives from thirty-six states and territories and eight foreign countries among the students. Connecticut sends 396, the largest number from any state.

Professor Dwight, Yale's new president, is rapidly getting a reputation for witty and humorous speech making, and if he keeps on at the present rate it won't be long before New York will be trying to import him for a place beside Chauncey M. Depew and Horace Porter.

SOME NEW BOOKS.

Dr. S. Weir Mitchell's novel, "Roland Blake," is just out.

Gen. Francis A. Walker has almost finished a book of his war experiences.

"Katy of Catoctin," George Alfred Townsend's new novel, will be issued soon.

A "Life of Mark Twain," by Will Montgomery Clemens, an author of some note, will appear shortly.

Charles Dickens' son has re-edited "Pickwick," adding three addresses published with the original number.

Col. T. W. Higginson has written a novel, "The Monarch of Dreams." It is said to be a queer study of brain action.

Miss Braddon has written a new novel entitled "Mohawks." The scene is laid in London in the times of Walpole and Bolingbroke.

Rev. William Burnet Wright, of the Berkeley Street Congregational church, Boston, has just published through Houghton, Mifflin & Co., a book on "Ancient Cities," most of them cities of the Bible.

Dr. George Brandes' new book on "Eminent Authors of the Nineteenth Century" has been translated by the Hon. R. B. Anderson, our minister to Denmark, and the translation will be published shortly.

"My Life" is the title of the forthcoming autobiography of Liszt. It is reported that "he has delineated with considerable vigor the faults and foibles both of his enemies and of his friends. The book is full of portrait-sketches of 'men of the time,' but there is said to be not a breath of scandal in it."

PLAYERS AND PLAYHOUSES.

Fanny Davenport is playing "Fedora" again.

Kate Claxton is now playing "The Two Orphans" for the eleventh season. She has ordered a new play from D'Ennery.

Fay Templeton is still in London trying to obtain a new piece to be brought out at the Gaiety the first of the year.

It is intimated that Joe Jefferson will withdraw from the stage shortly and pass the remainder of his life in the enjoyment of his fortune.

James Barton Key is going to bring out "Jack," Mrs. Harry Beckett's play, in New York. It has had a great success in London, and Mr. Key is very sanguine about it.

Myra Goodwin has 8,610 of the drummers of the country on her free list. They work up a boom for her wherever she plays "Sis," and this novel advertising scheme is turning her in a lot of money.

The Boston Ideal Opera company is all torn up by a quarrel between the two leading ladies—Miss Huntington and Mlle. Labloche—and if Manager Foster cannot reconcile them one or the other will have to retire.

Mr. Dion Boucicault is playing "The Jilt" in New York. It is said to be the freshest of the many plays he has produced and all the plot is inferior. The play is diverting enough to make a pleasant evening's entertainment.

Mr. Henry Irving will visit this country again next September, bringing with him Mr. Wills' version of "Faust," which is acknowledged by all who have seen it in London to be the finest production in a spectacular sense ever seen on the stage.

Lawrence Barrett is a busy man this season, directing as he does his own and the tour of Edwin Booth, and acting seven times each week himself. He contemplates producing a new play, by George H. Boker, in Washington in a few weeks.

Madame Modjeska proposes to sink herself as a star. She would rather become the leading member of a strong stock company than to play a "one part piece." Her plays are selected for intrinsic strength, and, though her parts will naturally be leading ones, they will not stand out and dwarf all the others.

MEN AND WOMEN OF LETTERS.

Gen. Lew Wallace's "Ben Hur" has reached a sale of 115,000 copies.

Ibsen has agreed to write a magazine article on French and American actresses.

Mrs. Louise Chandler Moulton is back from Europe. She will pass most of the winter in Boston.

Professor Huxley has retired from his active educational duties on a pension of $7,500 a year.

Hon. Andrew D. White is said to have the finest historical library in the country. It numbers over 30,000 volumes besides many valuable manuscripts.

Thomas Bailey Aldrich will be 50 years old on Nov. 11. Half a century has fallen easily on the author's shoulders and he scarcely looks to be more than 40.

W. D. Howells is going abroad next year and will remain two years in Europe. His son will go with him, and will be placed in the Polytechnic school at Paris.

"Adirondack" Murray has given up his Montreal restaurant and is going to devote himself entirely to authorship and lecturing. He says he will never enter political life as he has no taste for it. He hasn't been asked to yet.

Ella Wheeler Wilcox has written a poem entitled "Two Sinners," and Mrs. James Brown Potter expects to recite it. In this way she will add to the fame she achieved by reciting "Cattle Joe." Mrs. Potter will winter in France.

Mr. Bancroft, the aged historian, is very simple in his habits. He goes to bed early and sleeps for eight or nine hours. He works about four hours a day, and occupies the rest of his time driving or walking with his granddaughter, Miss Susannah, who lives with him in a great brown stone house.

CURIOUS THINGS IN LIFE.

They are telling the old story of sparrows killing a cat again. This time it comes from Galena, Ills.

Tom Acrefoot is the appropriate name of a man in Key West whose feet are 16 inches long and 6½ inches wide. His mother was from Chicago.

A curious wedding ceremony took place in Nicholasville, Ky., the other day. Miss Carrie, a deaf mute, daughter of Dr. F. M. Jasper, was married to Prof. M. C. Clower, of the Danville Deaf Mute institution. The ceremony was performed in sign language by Profs. W. K. Argo and G. T. Schoolfield.

The light from an electric lamp tower in Davenport, Ia., falls full upon a flower garden about 100 feet away, and during the past summer the owner has observed that lilies which have usually bloomed only in the day have opened in the night, and that morning glories have unclosed their blossoms as soon as the electric light fell on them.

Miss Rosa Fenton, of Crittenden county, Ark., was recently bitten in the left hand by a huge cotton-mouth snake. She seized an ax near by, laid her wounded hand on a block of wood and chopped the bitten finger off at a single blow; then she ran into the house, swallowed half a tumbler of whisky and fainted. She recovered in about two weeks.

A correspondent writes that in a gambling saloon in Moscow the walls and ceiling were covered with paper on which stars were stamped. Among the stars in the ceiling holes were cut, and a man lying on the floor in the room above saw the hands of those playing cards and telegraphed them, by means of wires connected with his shoes, to his confederate.

CREATION'S LOWER ORDERS.

A snake entered the house of Burt G. Smith, at Kissimmee, Fla., entered the bird cage through the wires, and after swallowing the canary coiled up in the bottom of the cage to take a nap.

An engine of the "camel back" type, used by the Pennsylvania road, has been on exhibition on the Consolidated road, and has taken several trains over the road. Once the feed pipe seemed to be choked up. At Bridgeport the pipe was opened, and after the water was drawn off a two-foot eel came squirming out.

A rat was put into a box with a rattlesnake in Sacramento the other day. Instantly the snake struck it, and in a moment the rat turned over and died. The next day another rat was put in the box, and although his ratship provoked the snake to bite him several times, continued as lively as a cricket, and when released ran away none the worse for the battle.

John Burdick, employed on a Ridgefield (Conn.) farm, was picking up apples for the cider mill about four weeks ago. One, mellower than the rest, tempted him, and he bit out a big mouthful. With it came a bee, which stung him on the tongue. The tongue swelled up, and for two days he was constantly nauseated. Then the swelling went down. Since then every time he bites an apple his tongue feels just as though a bee was stinging it. Two or three days ago he made up his mind to eat an apple, any way. He tried to, but the tongue swelled up again and the nausea returned.

An interesting battle recently took place between a rat and a garter snake at Visalia, Cal. The rat was cautious but quick, springing with lightning jumps upon the snake and burying its teeth in the serpent's body. The latter would coil and dart forward frequently, knocking the rat over on its back. Once the rat caught the snake's head and held it until the latter, coiling about its body, squeezed it so tightly that it was forced to let go. Finally the rat, by biting his antagonist through the neck several times, severed its head, and dragged its body in victory away.

AN EXTRAORDINARY OFFER.

To All Wanting Employment.

We want Live, Energetic and Capable Agents in every county in the United States and Canada, to sell a patent article of great merit, on its merits. An article having a large sale, paying over 100 per cent profit, having no competition, and on which the agent is protected to the exclusive sale by a deed given for each and every county he may secure from us. With all these advantages to our agents and the fact that it is an article that can be sold to every household, it might not be necessary to make an "EXTRAORDINARY OFFER" to secure good agents at once, but we have concluded to make it to show, not only our confidence in the merits of our invention, but in its salability by any agent that will handle it with energy. Our agents now at work are making from $250 to $500 a month clear, and this fact makes it safe for us to make our offer to all who are out of employment. Any agent that will give our business a thirty days' trial and fail to clear at least $250 in that time, ABOVE ALL EXPENSES, can return all goods unsold to us and we will refund the money paid for them. Any agent or general agent who would like ten or more counties and work them through sub-agents for ninety days and fail to clear at least $750 ABOVE ALL EXPENSES, can return all unsold and get their money back. No other employer of agents ever dared to make such offers, nor would we if we did not know that we have agents now making more than double the amount we guarantee, and but two sales a day would give a profit of over $125 a month, and that one of our agents took eighteen orders in one day. Our large descriptive circulars explain our offer fully, and never offered before in connection with any article of merit. Address at once, or you will lose the best opportunity ever offered before to engage in a business.

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NOV12.1y-56-6ms.

WHY IS IT

That rheumatism and neuralgia are so prevalent? This question has not been satisfactorily answered, but it is certain that these diseases are not only the most painful but among the most common, and some member of nearly every family in the land is the victim of one of these dread tormentors. Ladies seem to be peculiarly liable to neuralgic attacks, which, in the form of neuralgic headache, pain in the back, or nervous pains are of constant occurrence. Not until the discovery of Athlophoros had any remedy been found for either rheumatism, neuralgia or nervous headache, and they were generally conceded to be incurable, but Athlophoros has been proved to be not only *a certain* cure for these diseases, in all their varied forms, but a *safe* remedy. If, in the use of Athlophoros, the bowels are kept *freely open*, its success is *certain*, and to aid this, Athlophoros Pills are recommended, which, while providing the necessary cathartic, will be found to be a valuable aid to the action of the medicine. Athlophoros is no experiment, it has been tested and has proved its wonderful efficacy.

The Athlophoros Pills were originally prepared as a remedy for use in connection with Athlophoros, for rheumatism and neuralgia and kindred complaints. Used in connection with that remedy, they are a certain cure for either of these very common and distressing diseases. They have also been found to be an invaluable remedy for any and all diseases arising from vitiated blood or general debility. They are especially valuable for nervous debility, blood poisoning, dyspepsia, distress after eating, headache, constipation, loss of appetite, and all stomach or liver troubles. For diseases of women they are invaluable. These pills are perfectly harmless and may be safely used by adults or children.

Testimonials of those who have been cured will be sent free on application.

Every druggist should keep Athlophoros and Athlophoros Pills, but where they cannot be bought of the druggist, the Athlophoros Co., 112 Wall St., New York, will send either (carriage paid) on receipt of regular price, which is $1.00 per bottle for Athlophoros and 50c. for Pills.

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Almost as Palatable as Milk.

The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and tolerated for a long time by delicate stomachs.

AND AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ANÆMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, and all WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN it is marvellous in its results.

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For "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated school teachers, milliners, seamstresses, housekeepers, and over-worked women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best of all restorative tonics. It is not a "Cure-all," but admirably fulfills a singleness of purpose, being a most potent Specific for all those Chronic Weaknesses and Diseases peculiar to women. It is a powerful, general as well as uterine, tonic and nervine, and imparts vigor and strength to the whole system. It promptly cures weakness of stomach, indigestion, bloating, weak back, nervous prostration, debility and sleeplessness, in either sex. Favorite Prescription is sold by druggists under our positive guarantee. See wrapper around bottle. Price $1.00, or six bottles for $5.00.

A large treatise on Diseases of Women, profusely illustrated with colored plates and numerous wood-cuts, sent for 10 cents in stamps. Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

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RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.
BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

NORTH.			STATIONS.	SOUTH.		
p.m.	p.m.	a.m		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
9 00	12 30	8 30	....Scranton....	6 10	9 15	2 05
8 54	12 26	8 26	....Bellevue....	6 15	9 20	2 10
8 48	12 22	8 22	...Taylorville...	6 20	9 26	2 15
8 40	12 15	8 16	..Lackawanna..	6 27	9 34	2 22
8 33	12 10	8 10	....Pittston....	6 34	9 41	2 30
8 27	12 03	8 03	....Wyoming....	6 40	9 47	2 36
8 22	11 58	7 58	....Wyoming....	6 45	9 52	2 41
8 17	11 54	7 54	....Maltby....	6 49	9 56	2 44
8 13	11 50	7 50	....Dodge....	6 53	10 00	2 47
8 08	11 47	7 47	....Kingston....	6 58	10 05	2 50
8 08	11 47	7 47	....Kingston....	6 58	10 05	2 50
8 03	11 42	7 42	Plymouth Junc	7 02	10 10	2 55
7 59	11 38	7 38	....Plymouth....	7 07	10 13	3 00
7 54	11 34	7 34	....Avondale....	7 12	10 20	3 05
7 50	11 30	7 30	....Nanticoke....	7 15	10 25	3 10
7 45	11 23	7 23	Hunlock's Creek	7 20	10 32	3 17
7 39	11 19	7 19	...Shickshinny...	7 27	10 44	3 29
7 18	11 00	7 00	...Hick's Ferry...	7 50	11 11	3 52
7 11	10 54	6 54	...Beach Haven...	7 57	11 06	3 58
7 05	10 47	6 47	....Berwick....	8 04	11 13	4 05
6 58	10 41	6 41	...Briar Creek...	8 10	11 19	4 12
6 54	10 38	6 38	...Willow Grove..	8 14	11 25	4 16
6 50	10 34	6 34	....Lime Ridge....	8 18	11 29	4 20
6 43	10 27	6 27	....Espy....	8 25	11 36	4 27
6 36	10 21	6 21	...Bloomsburg...	8 30	11 44	4 34
6 30	10 16	6 16	....Rupert....	8 36	11 50	4 40
6 25	10 11	6 11	Catawi'a Bridge	8 41	11 55	4 46
6 08	9 56	5 56	....Danville....	8 58	12 13	5 04
6 00	9 49	5 49	....Chulasky....	9 05	12 20	5 12
5 55	9 45	5 45	....Cameron....	9 08	12 25	5 17
5 40	9 32	5 32	Northumberland	9 25	12 40	5 35
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt.
Superintendent's office, Scranton, Feb. 1st, '18?

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE.

In effect June 13th, 1886. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD.

9.40 a. m., Sea Shore Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York, 6.20 p. m.; Baltimore, 4.40 p. m.; Washington, 5.50 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

1.50 p. m.—Day express daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.50 p. m.; New York, 9.35 p. m.; Baltimore 6.45 p. m.; Washington, 8.00 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

7.45 p. m.—Renovo Accommodation (daily for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4 45 a. m.; New York 7.30 a. m. Baltimore, 5.25 a. m.; Washington 6.30 a. m.; Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. On Sundays a through sleeping car will be run; on this train from Williamsp't to Philadelphia. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

7.50 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Monday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 8.25 a. m. New York, 11.3o a. m.; Baltimore 8.15 a. m.; Washington, 9.25 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.10 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Sunday), for Erie at all intermediate stations and Canandaigua and at intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through Pullman Palace cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9.35—News Express (daily except Sunday) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

1.00 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday) for Kane and intermediate stations and Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Watkins.

5.30 p. m. Fast Line (daily except Sunday) for Renovo and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Renovo and Watkins.

9.30 a. m.—Sunday mail for Renovo and intermediate station.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Sunday mail leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m Harrisburg 7.40 arriving at Sunbury 9.20 a. m. with through sleeping car from Philadelphia to Williamport.

News Express leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg, 8.10 a. m. daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury 9.55 a. m.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m. (daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury, 1.00 p. m., with through Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 9.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.50 a. m.; Washington, 9.50 a. m.; Baltimore, 10.45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 5.30 p. m., with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.30 p. m.; Washington, 10.00 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.20 p. m., (daily except Saturday) arriving at Sunbury 5.10 a. m. with through Pullman Sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia.

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except sunday.)

Wilkesbarre Mail leaves Sunbury 10.00 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.52 a. m., Wilkes-barre 12.18 p. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.35 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.28 p. m., Wilkes-barre 7.55 p. m

Sunbury Mail leaves Wilkesbarre 10.40 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 12.05 p. m., Sunbury 12.55 p. m

Express West leaves Wilkes-barre 2.45 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 4.15 p. m., Sunbury 5.10 p. m

SUNDAY ONLY.

Sunday mail leaves Sunbury 9.25 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.14 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 11.0 a.m.

Sunday accommodation leaves Wilkes-Barre 5.10 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry, 6.41 p. m., Sunbury, 7.30 p. m.

CHA. E. PUGH, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, G. Passenger Agent

D. LANGELL'S
ASTHMA AND CATARRH REMEDY.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Having struggled 20 years between life and death with ASTHMA or PHTHISIC, treated by eminent physicians, and receiving no benefit, I was compelled during the last 5 years of my illness to sit on my chair day and night gasping for breath My sufferings were beyond description. In despair I experimented on myself by compounding roots and herbs and inhaling the medicine thus obtained. I fortunately discovered this WONDERFUL CURE FOR ASTHMA AND CATARRH, warranted to relieve the most stubborn case of ASTHMA IN FIVE MINUTES, so that the patient can lie down to rest and sleep comfortably. Please read the following condensed extracts from unsolicited testimonials, all of recent date:

Oliver V. R. Holmes, San Jose, Cal., writes: "I find the remedy all and even more than represented. I receive instantaneous relief."

E. M. Carson, A. M., Warren, Kansas, writes: "Was treated by eminent physicians of this country and Germany; tried the climate of different states—nothing afforded relief like your preparation."

T. E. Gates, County Treasurer, Philadelphia, Miss., writes: "Have used the Remedy. Would not live without it. Every one that uses it recommends it."

L. B. Phelps, P. M., Griggs, Ohio, writes: "Suffered with asthma 40 years. Your medicine in 3 minutes does more for me than the most eminent physician did for me in three years."

H. C. Plumpton, Joliet, Ill., writes: "Send Catarrh Remedy at once. Cannot get along without it. I find it to be the most valuable medicine I have ever tried."

Geo. W. Brady, Nelson Co., Ky., writes: "I am using the remedy. Gained 8 pounds in 3 weeks. Would not be without it."

Martin Fox, Little Falls, N. Y., writes: "Find Remedy excellent. Could not live without it."

We have many other hearty testimonials of cure or relief, and in order that all sufferers from Asthma, Catarrh, Hay Fever, and kindred diseases may have an opportunity of testing the value of the Remedy we will send to any address TRIAL PACKAGE FREE OF CHARGE. Address,

J. ZIMMERMAN & CO., Proprietors,
Wholesale Druggists, Wooster, Wayne Co., O.
Full size box by mail $1. (may1y.

LADY Agents actually clear $10 daily with my wonderful new patent rubber undergarment for females. One lady sold 50 first two hours. MRS. E. C. LITTLE, Box 448, Chicago, Ill. oct8-8t.

Provoked Him to